

CAVALCADE

NOV 1st



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the mob said "KILL."
MEN DO MARRY THEIR MISTRESSES



STAMINA **CLOTHES**

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Cavalcade

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Men do marry their mistresses

MURRAY ROSS



The Year Book points to the fact as well as to others that shatter the old beliefs.

WHERE the mother is under 25, three out of every four first children in Australia are born under a cloud—that is, they are either illegitimate, or some less than the orthodox come months after marriage.

It sounds like a terrible indictment of Australian morals. It would be an excellent text for a sermon grandmas might deliver on the depravity of modern youth, except that in her day things were much worse. The proportion 40 years ago was five in six.

The proportion falls as the age of the mother rises, but is high enough overall to baffle the innocent who take their records from the book.

In 1931, nearly half of the mothers of all ages fell under suspicion—the last proportion was 45 per cent. By 1951 it had fallen to 44 per cent and by 1959 to 35 per cent, or just one in three.

Then comes one of those anomalies which make statistics such tricky things to handle. The advent of war,

which is supposed to sweep away conventional moral horizons, actually improved the situation, and in 1941 the figure had fallen to 36.4 per cent. But there was a cause.

We marriages may be hasty, but at least they do eliminate that long period of courtship when, from Mrs. Grantly's point of view, all the damage is done. There are no complete figures beyond 1941.

The statistics are from that sober but venetic publication, the Commonwealth Year Book. It may surprise many people that the Government Statisticians should be interested in such an odd subject of human behaviour, but it is his business to supply the data on any problem which is of importance to the community.

And no one can say that his instinct deceives him, for now, more than fifty years after his research started, the old sex problem is more headline news than ever.

In the Victorian era, it was considered proper to take conventional morals for granted. In retrospect this method of sexual care is seen as in really was—an ineffective drawing over of the figurative lead over the gentle eyes of yesterday. Now a big proportion of the world's population refuses to do what they are told, just because they are told. Serious and responsible people have come to admit that the sex problem will have to be studied if it is to be solved.

And, usually in their assessment, when they come to study it, they find that there is precisely no data on which to start.

Is the average man—or the average woman—chaste? Or is the whole fabric of convention a polite camouflage maintained throughout the ages?

Most adults have physical sex fulfilment, or can they live normal lives without it if society is chaste? And if they must—how much is necessary and how much is waste?

The scientific answer to all these

questions is that no one knows. They are so important, so deeply involved with our social, religious and political beliefs, that no one has been able to study them objectively.

That being said, however, there are plenty of people willing to make the effort. First in the field is Mr. Kinsey, of the U.S.A. He counted some hundreds of married acquaintances onto some thousands of American men, and published "Sex Habits of the American Male."

He claims that it is not a start, but a serious scientific study of the subject. If so, then serious study pays off, for if you want the book in Sydney you have to put your name on a waiting list at 45/- a copy.

Now Mrs. West has followed it up with her report on the Australian Male. She did her own investigating at first hand, and she claims that her research was more practical and more accurate. She hopes her book will sell as well as Mr. Kinsey's.

More people than Mrs. West have challenged the accuracy of Mr. Kinsey's conclusions, even some who do not question his sincerity. They say that no one, man or woman, ever tells the truth about their sex life.

In the words of one hardened cynic—"Never believe a woman if she says she didn't, or a man if he says he did."

That is the advantage of the Government Statisticians. He took no one's word, he merely tabulated proved figures. He drew no conclusions, but there are many implications there for those who wish to draw them, and they are not altogether pleasant.

Take that figure for 1953—45.36 per cent of all first births were either illegitimate, or what the Year Book politely calls "rate-exempt conception." Now, obviously, some of these latter would be premature births, in which illicit relations between the parents had not taken place.

There is no known way of arriving at the number of these, but there is

general medical agreement that it would be small. And against it there was some very lug-and-sift which told the other way.

As the average number of children per married couple is substantially less than three for a period covering the whole of their married lives, it is obvious that only a small proportion of the marriages which take place result in children.

Partly this is due to natural causes, and partly to the way of contraceptive. But it is safe to assume that unmarried couples take at least as many precautions as married ones, and there can be no enormous number of cases in which couples postpone the marriage without putting the penalty.

It would not be hard to conceive such self that these are just as numerous as the couple who are "caught" (to put it in the vernacular), and that there were probably no virtuous couples at all in 1941. This is too pessimistic a view, but those who obeyed the commandments were undoubtedly in a minority.

There would be other factors which would tend to swell the number of the transgressors—a certain proportion of abortions, for instance, probably enough to at least offset the prostitute batches.

The one really hopeful feature in the situation is the very substantial improvement in the figures with the passing of the years. By 1931 the proportion of unde-spared and illegitimate had shrunk to 46; in 1932 and a small increase to 46, but by 1939, the last pre-war year, it was down to 33.

Unfortunately, social workers have been able to draw little consolation from this change. It has merely posed for them another horrifying problem. How much of it, if any, is due to unspared couples, and how much to improved techniques in birth control?

It seems against all experience to believe that the present sex-drenched generation,养在 on Hollywood,

Fred and Henry Bellman, is more moral than that of 1931. That it is more knowledgeable about contraceptives, however, is undeniable.

The Statistician has some figures here, too, since he has broken down the totals of first births to show what percentage took place in each month after marriage in 1931 and in 1942.

There shows a decrease for 1942 in each month up to the ninth. But there is a big decrease also four months after that, right up to the end of the first year. Then the balance swings the other way. Twice as many couples now bear their first baby in the second year of marriage as did in 1931. Those who delay their entry into the family business until their fourth married year have more than doubled and so on for each year up to about the ninth.

The indications are plain. The son of pleased parenthood, or at least of postponed parenthood, has arrived and that explains confirmation. And if this is so much on the increase among married couples, it seems fully to assume that it is not equally so among unmarried ones.

One odd belief which the Year Book's research has rudely shattered is one which was a principal weapon in the defense of the standard code of morals.

In the days when mothers did venture to give their daughters advice on sex matters, their most powerful argument for virtue was the saying that "A man does not marry his mother." They believed it, they told it with conviction, and their daughters believed it too.

This alliance of chastity with self-interest was a very effective one. Many a fair maiden, when all her other defenses had failed her, was sustained in her struggle against the devil by the thought of a coveted wedding ring.

But it seems that she was deceived. If the Statistician's figures mean accu-

ately, most men marry their mistresses. Strangely enough, they only seem to do it once. There are no figures on the subject, but Clegg observes very aptly that a surprisingly large proportion of men divorced for adultery fail to do the right thing by their partner in the affair.

The proportion of actually identified births is small, and is also declining rapidly. In 1932 six in every hundred births were on the wrong side of the ledger; in 1940 less than four.

When the illegitimacy and extra-nuptial conception rates broken down into age groups, however, they reveal some unexpected sidelights on human nature.

For instance, only the women age-group for birth among single women are those over 35. In 1941, there were 41 women throughout Australia over this age who had their first child. More than half of these women were single—33 to be exact. Three had been

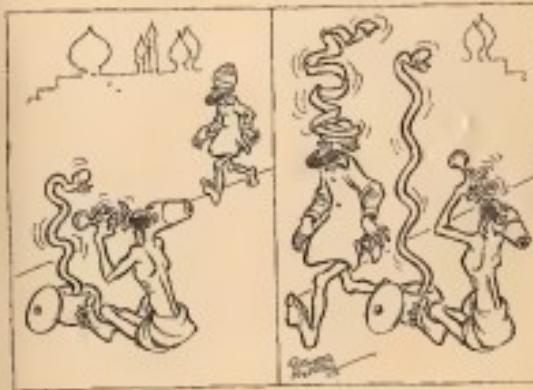
married less than nine months, while 36 had been married more than that period.

The total number of births in each age group is thus necessarily small. But even before that are women show contradictory tendencies.

The largest proportion of conceptions outside of marriage is naturally in the younger group, under 30. From then on to the 30-34 years section, the rate continues to fall.

But for women between 35 and 39, it rises appreciably, and for those from 40 to 45, even more sharply. This phenomenon is much more marked now than it was in earlier years.

It is easy to conclude that this is due to cohabitation, and no doubt many women of this age cease to take precautions under the mistaken impression that they are sterile. In fact, one authority has kindly remarked that unwanted births occur mainly among girls too young to know, or women too old to bother.





JITTERS with the athlete

FILL DELANY

The most successful athletes are "wound-up" before their events. Never may bring a raw right up on his feet or reduce him to a state of terror.

TILL heavily-built lad now has ball pitch onto the green, run a few feet and stop ten feet from the pin. He was on in less to his opponent's three—bit—a fine breath of wind would have blown the other player's ball into the cup. Now what? The lad could play safe and carry the match to the 18th, or he could putt strongly for a win.

But what, asked the gallery as they watched the lad squat down to study the green, if he overheat the hole by feet? And what if he missed the second putt? The decision was up to the lad, and he left no one in doubt that he was going in for the kill.

He putt was firmly gripped—too firmly, though the gallery, sad hold its breath as the ball sped towards the pin. It was straight enough, but—

Suddenly, the ball was no longer on the green. And Jim Farmer, fast up witness for the event, had beaten Eric Apperly for the N.E.W. Amateur Championship. At 36 he had proved that he had that intangible quality people call "big match temperament."

Golf probably more than any other sport demands iron nerves. Played in an atmosphere of cold objectivity, it can make of the blood-warming activity of the future-saving forces of athleticism. Its reflexes are the less

spontaneous than those associated with football, boxing, and tennis. It affords the good player no margin for error, and when a man sleeps to play a shot he knows that his destiny depends on that particular shot as much as any of the other seventy he may play.

So that golf nerves are a very red thing.

Few golfers have the happy outlook towards the game possessed by Walter Hagen, whose towering cylinder includes a strictly adhered to sound of the right club. Once, as the sun sets over the woods over which he would later play Lee Dugay for the PGA Championship, an early man observed Hagen making his way towards his bedroom. Shaken at Hagen's disregard for taking the early run and

"Well, don't you know that Dugay has been on bed since nine o'clock last night?"

Hagen nodded gravely, for he was in a grim mood.

"I know," he said, "but I'll bet he hasn't been sleeping."

Thus that afternoon was the Championship five up and three to play.

There long existed an unworthy suspicion among pro golfers that Hagen's attitude towards golf was designed to unseize his opponents. On the course, he was likely to influence the other's game by means an iron when already a wood was called for, so that his opponent, not to be gullible, also used an iron. But when Hagen's shot fell where he wanted it, the other's landed at bad counter. He played slowly when up against a fast player, and fast when opposed to a slow spouse because, And in the exasperated Bobby Jones said:

"I like to play against a consistent golfer. But apart from the one who misses his drive, hits his second into the rough and wins the hole with a birdie. That's Hagen."

James himself, despite his equable appearance while playing, suffered as badly from nerves that he was unable to eat anything but a cup of soup between rounds. He could keep nothing else down. Byron Nelson, similarly, showed deadly timorousness as a means of preventing nausea.

Both men overcame their disabilities and were the best golfers of their period.

A golf writer who known, and has a great respect for, Norman von Nida, uses the theory that Amundsen's best golfer got to the top because of his intense concentration. Otherwise, submits this writer, why would von Nida be so conscious of what is happening to the sailor?

Not so long ago, the crowd that followed the Van included a lady whose knowledge of the game was negligible but who, in her eagerness to improve that knowledge, requested information from her son's caddy mate which to the golfer were vital. The little champion suffered her in silence for a few holes and finally, as her voice broke the hush as the crew as he was putting, lowered his club and said:

"Madam, this might be fun to you, but it's my living!"

Then he sent the caddie back another golfer, someone his powerful friend, would either not have heard the chattering, or having broken his concentration, missed the putt.

In time, Jack Crawford was a player without mannerisms, and apparently, without nerves. He never appeared to be rattled, and his remarkable positional play and striking game made him soon almost举世闻名 in his approach to the game. And when he took his place on the course to play Van at Wanless in 1932, Crawford admits, he was nervous down to his boots.

He lost the first six 4-4.

"With the new balls, the match developed into a terrific struggle,"

IS IT EVER TOO LATE?

Give me just another chance,
My dear, it's all I ask—
Our sweet and tender young romance
Is a life-long, loving task,
We've talked about how it ought to be.
And NO could have been my reply;
But I beg of you now for another chance
To go along with a handsomer guy!

Jack once told me "On my own service, I was tralling three-duty. I felt then that if I lost the service, I would lose the match. And I knew with equal certainty that if I took my service, I would win the match.

"I pulled up to take the service, and as we changed ends, I always had to think 'The loss of that game will cost you a match.' It wasn't just a thought—it was certainty. I know, then, that I was going to be the next Wimbledon singles champion. My nerves had left me."

The result of that match is in the record books: Crawford defeated Vines 6-4, 21-3, 6-2, 2-6, 6-4.

Perhaps the big difference between "half nerves" and "total nerves" is that golf is a game of comparative infection. Between shots, the golfer has often to wait while his opponent makes maybe two shots; the tennis player, however, has little time to think—or worry—as he plays his strokes and made a kind of total consciousness. He moves quickly, and his mind tends to the movement so that he has a greater chance to retain concentration.

The boxer is in rather the same situation. Most boxers, naturally, are nervous during the walk as the drums and roars, but continue to throw off nervousness with strategy. Nevertheless, old timers still recall the strange behavior of one Alex Corlett, whom fate at last to find himself opposed to Len Dancy.

Unfortunately for the boxer's peace of mind, he allowed himself to lend his local cauliflowered ear to mystery who authorized a large measure on Dancy's undoubted ring talent. This circumstance in no way contributed to Corlett's loss of morale—for the simple reason that that essential characteristic was absent in Corlett's make-up.

The Harvey, veteran trainer, recalls the "why" in these words:

"Dancy was in his corner caulked before the Rumanian, and sat waiting and unperformed during the wait. Eventually, Corlett walked—an maybe was pushed—into the ring. He sat in his corner pile of dust and obviously expected the worst."

"At the bell, Corlett moved slowly, and suddenly put both his arms around Dancy. Dancy polled soon, shaped to throw a punch, and hesitated to strike. The Rumanian again hounded Corlett who allowed him to do it until he got tired. Then he'd push Corlett away and tap him lightly."

"The Australian was enjoying himself and seemed a bit disappointed when, on the fourth round, the fight was stopped."

Dancy would undoubtedly have beaten the Rumanian, anyway, but Corlett's nerves made the job easier.

The relaxed athlete, according to experts, is a better efficient for human muscles make for faster muscular action; moreover, the system forms greater amounts of Carbonic Acid when the muscles are relaxed, creating an oxidation of food that causes fatigue and loss of wind.

It is not so long since George Hayes

made newspaper headlines as an Olympic Games hope. These experts who saw him as preliminary runs, however, did not echo the general enthusiasm about his prospects. They pointed out that he ran with his shoulders hunched, neck muscles tensed, and his hands and fingers stiff. John Trebil, by comparison, ran in a completely relaxed style. Hayes, in other words, was "ticking too much out of house." And the experts were right. Hayes did not make the grade.

Relaxation, in its application to athletics, is a technical term, for it is true that the most successful athletes are "wound up" before their events, whether or not they actually show emotion.

"The right kind of 'wind-up' is the sort of sheer excitement that brings a man right up on to his toes, ready and eager for the contest, the wrong type is anxiety, which may amount to positive fear. Nervousness is really bad, simply because it dissipates

energy and is therefore wasteful. Among Australian athletes, none is more apparently relaxed than Peter McMillan, the country's best all-round. It is a pretty safe bet that the thought of an important event tomorrow will not cost McMillan a minute's sleep-to-night. For McMillan has learnt the secret of relaxation—but that doesn't mean he doesn't suffer from the kind of nerves that are "right." Physically and psychologically, he is "wound up."

And so, of course, was Walter Hagen, that morning he arrived home some hours after the milquetoast. Incidentally, we didn't quite think that Hagen story here's the rest:

Immediately he tossed his bedroom, he took a bottle of Scotch from a drawer. Turned to his friend, he said: "This is great stuff to kill the taste of milk."

"What?" asked the other. "Were you drinking milk?"

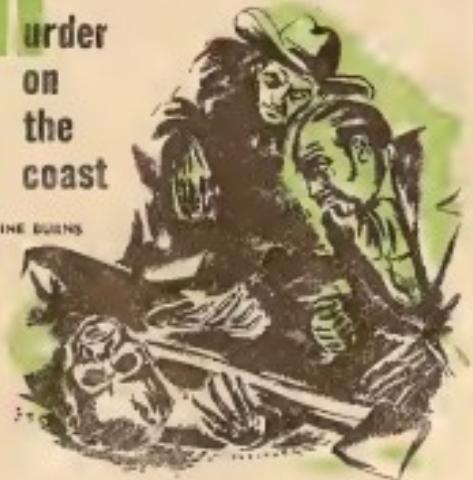
"Why," replied Hagen, "milk is great stuff to kill the taste of sun!"



"I was nearly wading till you had me strong."

m urder on the coast

JOSEPHINE BURNS



The only man who could tell why Andrew Hamilton was murdered is already in the grave.

AT six o'clock in the afternoon of February 13, 1949, Andrew Hamilton mounted his horse in the little town of Bombo on the South Coast of New South Wales. Shooting farewell to his friends as he passed he galloped away on the coast track that led to his farm sixteen miles to the west. He was not seen again.

Andrew Hamilton had a good business head. He had been in Bombo only two years when he sold his saddle-shop at a handsome profit and opened it's stars on the road to Cooma. Later he disposed of this

store and bought a small farm. He was living there at the time of his disappearance.

Hamilton had saddled his horse early for the ride into Bombo. Arriving there about ten o'clock, he called at the post office for his mail, and then went to one of the small traps in the town.

An ordinary mail was being dispatched by road that night to Binalong to connect with a vessel leaving for Sydney, and during most of the morning the carrier sat in the little bank parlor of the hotel writing letters

At midday he ate a hearty dinner, and then pointed the way in the bar.

Hamilton had remained a bachelor and lived alone in his home, but in the ten years that he had been in the district, he had made a number of friends, and he spent time drinking with them on his weekly visits to Bombo.

In the evening he whistled away the afternoon until four o'clock, when he called upon a local lawyer and asked him to prepare documents in connection with the transfer of some land.

Then loading his saddle bags with purchases from one of the stores, he set out on his horseback journey.

In 1934, the South Coast district of New South Wales was a lonely and sparsely-populated area, with frequent stretches of wild and rocky country between Sydney and the Victorian border. Communication with Sydney from as far south as Bombo was difficult and irregular. It was carried out mainly by small boats which called at varying intervals to take the lumber produce to the markets.

Many miles separated the small settlements that lay to the west of Bombo, so it was not strange that eight days went by before it was discovered that Andrew Hamilton's farm was deserted.

On Sunday morning, February 13, one of Hamilton's neighbors called at his place and found the house locked up. Thinking Hamilton had gone away for the day, he was about to leave when he noticed a parcel lying on the verandah. It had been delivered by a Bombo carrier and still had the delivery ticket attached.

Ifly the man turned it over and read the date. It was February 17, six days previously and two days after Hamilton's last visit to Bombo.

The neighbor then walked to the rear of the house and saw Hamilton's dog, which was still chained, lying dead on the ground. It was apparent it

had died from effort and starvation.

Although the man told a few people of his discovery, no one gave it much heed. It was thought that Hamilton had probably ridden to another district to purchase stock, forgetting he had started his dog. But another week went by and he still hadn't returned.

Then his lawyer, with whom the farmer had failed to keep an appointment to sign the documents that had been drawn up, informed the police, and Sub-Inspector Knight arrived from Cooma to make investigations.

The mystery surrounding Andrew Hamilton's disappearance grew rapidly.

His attorney was forced to return a few miles of his home. Four or five miles east of Bombo, he had passed a man who knew him by sight, and a little further on he had stopped in his horses to speak to a friend.

"It's been a big day," he told him. "I'll be glad to get home to bed."

A neighbor, who was able to give an accurate description of the farmer, saw Hamilton still further along the road, and John Sibley, whose automobile was the closest to Hamilton's, remembered having waved to him from the verandah as he went by.

But from that point the alarm came to an end.

Suspects imagined that his horses might have bolted onto the bush and that Hamilton had fallen and been killed. Search parties were organized to scour the scrub for his body, but without result. Nor was there any sign of his horse.

Then the police began to explore the possibility of murder.

In their investigations they received valuable assistance from the farmer Sibley, who said that earlier in the day on which Hamilton had disappeared, he had noted three rough-looking swallows escaped on the road between his place and Hamilton's. He had been searching for straying stock when he saw them,

"LAST summer I saw a good deal of Clark Gable," writes Elsa Maxwell.

"We holidayed on the French Riviera at the same time. And I remembered the old Hollywood days, when best-up frenzies and an old *lavender* jacket suited Clark fine. It was, in fact, because he had no time for the noisy social world to which he now submits so handily that he and Carole Lombard Gable disappeared from the social scene. Carole loved Clark. Whatever he wanted, she wanted. So she proceeded, in her typical enthusiastic and brilliant way, to make her life over to his pattern. All of which explains the somewhat sad amusement those who know Clark feel when they see pictures of him dancing or dining with a new girl or read that it looks like wedding bells for him."

From "Photoplay" the world best spoken picture magazine.

But as he passed the same spot half an hour later, they had moved away. At the time he had thought it strange that they should have made such a hurried departure, but then forgot about it.

Selby was able to give good descriptions of the men, and these were circulated through all the districts between Sydney and Melbourne. The police were convinced that the three robbers seen by Selby knew something about the former's disappearance. But there was still no proof that he had been murdered.

The search for the men proved fruitless and there was little more the police could do.

But his neighbours were not satisfied. Known as Blundstone for a methodical business as well as a farmer, they could not believe he had gone over without arranging for the disposal of his land and stock.

John Selby was one man who could not forget his friend's mysterious disappearance. He was continually discussing it with the other neighbours, asking them to voice any new theories that he might follow them up. Frequently they would see him

conducting a search on his own in the scrublands around the district.

More than nine years went by. Then dinner came one morning in December, 1933.

Selby, like Hamilton, lived alone in his home. After breakfast he set to work to break in a young horse in the yard. It was a fiery animal, and as Selby came close to adjust the rope at its neck, it snorted wildly, reared high into the air, and brought its two forefeet down on Selby's head. His skull had been battered and crushed by the weapon which lay by his side. It was an axe, its blade dulled by the four stains of blood which were still discernible.

Selby had been a popular and respected man in the district, and he was given an impressive funeral.

For some months his farm was under the care of a manager. Then a relative, to whom Selby had willed the property, arrived from Victoria to take over. He improved and modernised the buildings, and in doing so, pulled down an old stone barn which had stood for many years about six hundred feet from the house.

The man who was then working Hamilton's farm, was startled when the new owner of Selby's place arrived

unhurriedly at his house late one afternoon. His white face told him something was wrong.

"Can you come back with me right away?" he stated.

The farmer got his horse and followed without question.

When they reached the partly demolished barn, the other man led him to a small room at the rear of the building. There some of the floor stones had already been raised, and it was in there that the white-faced man was pointing.

As the neighbour walked over to him a slowly sight met his eyes.

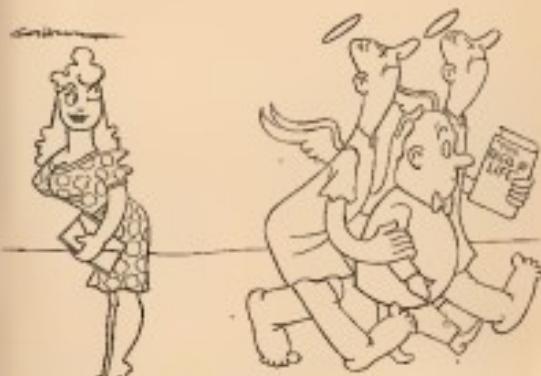
Lying on the earth beneath the stones, with pieces of cloth and badly decomposed flesh still adhering to the bones, was the skeleton of a man. His skull had been battered and crushed by the weapon which lay by his side. It was an axe, its blade dulled by the four stains of blood which were still discernible.

There was no doubt that the skeleton was that of Andrew Hamilton, who had disappeared so mysteriously ten years before. The axe had belonged to his friend, John Selby.

But even though, after so long the case of the missing farmer was solved only half the mystery had been cleared. If, as it appeared, Selby had murdered Hamilton, no motive was ever found as to why he should have done so.

They had always been friends and had never been known to quarrel. There was no record of business transactions between them that might have led to dissension. Nor did there seem to be any way in which the murderer could have benefited from the death of Andrew Hamilton.

The only person who could bear the very light on the mystery, had himself a few months before the discovery of the skeleton, suffered a violent a death at the hands of the man he had murdered.



SYLVESTER AND HIS GUARDIAN ANGELS . . . No. 28

WHITE WOMAN AGAINST A TRIBE



W. CRAIG HILL

When Hannah Dustin realized she had no proof of having killed 11 savages, she faced further need to collect their scalps.

A FRAIL birch-bark canoe shot forward on the rushing waters of the flooded Merrimack in the royal province of New Hampshire. Like lightning it was caught up by the rushing, batwinging spray, swept about, and, if minded, would surely be capsized. That it was not, was due to the skill of the teen-age boy who handled the paddle in the manner of the Indians from whom he and the other two occupants escaped.

The clothes of the three were wet from the Merrimack, and dyed with the red of Indian blood. For that was a night in the April of 1692—a date to mark, not only in the history of the French colony of Canada, but in the English province of New Hampshire. For, to the Indians, English savages were English, whether found in the French colony or the English settle-

ments—and it was English scalps they hunted.

And it was for lack of having theirs that three—Sam Lennardson, Hannah Dustin and Mary Neff—had accomplished a bloody deed that night. Now as their bodies fought against the flood, their thoughts were rushing ahead to the giant village of Newichaw, Massachusetts, from which the two women had been carried away—and to Worcester, where Sam Lennardson had chopped wood and hunted game, and listened to his mother making music of an evening.

Hannah Dustin was the first of the three to nose wade across the rushing river, and the canoe hurried precariously as she called earnestly,

"Sam, we must go back. I forgot something!"

"But Mrs. Dustin, m'm, we have

already travelled an hour. We'll be all night wading back against this!" "It does not matter how long it takes, Sam. We must go back!"

Gloomyly Sam Lennardson worked the paddle against the stream and hewed the long arduous way back. He regarded Hannah with concern, but with trust, for that night Sam Lennardson had learned respect for Hannah Dustin. And though at times he despaired of their chance, and wondered they ought have been better off with the Redskins, they came at last to the point where the Merrimack converges with the Concord, and the island which was afterwards named Dustin.

Making safe the canoe they warily approached the clearing claim on the bank where were grouped the Indian houses and where lay-in-a row between the tents and the remains of a fire, their heads resting on the pails of blanket they had used for pillows and their bodies still wrapped in cloaks which had worsened than only that night—the reverberated bodies of ten Abenaki Indians.

It was the work of a few minutes for Hannah, aided by Sam to raise her trapline—the ten frozen scalps. Mary and Sam wondered at her enthusiasm for the grisly task, but Hannah was set bermuk Out on the river which was bearing them so swiftly towards home, she had suddenly realized that without proof of their deed, the man or woman was not alive who would believe their tale. Now she was ready to return to Thoreau and their never-consuming children.

In the spring of 1692 the French in Canada under the command of Frontenac were meeting the local Indian tribes against the Pilgrim settlers as sort of their campaign to win the New World for Louis XIV during his War of the Grand Alliance. Louis could not afford to send many forces to help Frontenac because of the European unrest, and subsequently the French

shrewdly allied the Indian nations to their cause by gifts and propaganda, such bonuses were set as English scalp and prisoners.

Now every corner land of redskins, eager for handouts from the French, was determined to make the other in the quest for English scalps and rich reward. The Abenaki tribe scored the initial success when they raided Haverhill on March 15. The gray light of dawn was barely discernible in the eastern sky as the Indians crepted in the woods for the attack on the sleepy hamlet.

On her farmhouse bed Hannah Dustin lay with her eighth child, not a week after her confinement.

Leaving the squares to guard their possessions the savages descended on the town, and while the main bunch plundered and murdered the townsfolk, a handful of their number crawled stealthily towards the Dustin homestead.

Hannah was ordered to rise and dress and had her name. Mary Neff was captured as she tried to escape through a rear door. The two women watched, helpless, while the invaders rifled and fired the household.

Fearing pursuit by colonists who had cleared the road, the redskins hurried the two peace-stricken women towards the forest, and when the speed of the chase was impeded by the weight of the baby, one of the Indians forced the child from her grasp, and before the horrified gaze of the mother dashed out its brains against a tree.

Reaching the main road with their captives and loot, the redskins set out for Concord and despite her futile commands and several wounding at the loss of her lady Hannah managed to keep pace with the party till she saw her friends dead and scalped when they fell by the side of the trail.

For fifteen terrible days the Indians forced the march through virgin wilderness—over rough, stony trails

A young air force officer was waiting his turn at the parcel-post window. When he reached the head of the line he stepped back a few feet and sent his package flying over the counter by means of a well-placed drop kick. Then he explained to the fishbone-tempered clerk, "I just wanted to see if the parcel could stand the type of handling I'm going to receive."

from water in flood from the early spring rains had, in any case, the women were considered too weak to manage them they now regarded as one of them.

Darkness of the second day on the island saw the execution of Hannah's plot. Intercepting Mary Neff and Sam, and driving each with a torchhawk she swept noiselessly to a position within the head of her sleeping captive, leader of the Indian band. The others arranged themselves in similar manner beside the slumbering savages.

At a pre-arranged signal from Bonar, the men fell silently and swiftly, a stroke to each, with a remorseless, deep revenge—less Indian dead in a massacre. A young brak and a bold, wounded squaw were all that escaped.

Finally getting food and weapons into the bark canoes, and securing the remaining boats, the white party set off down the fast-flowing Murrumbidgee. It was an hour after the start that Hannibal decided to turn back, and several hours later that she wrapped her tophat in a cloth of her own weaving that she retrieved from the upstairs last.

To avoid the dangers of further meetings with the Indians, the fearless party travelled by night, each taking a turn at keeping the fire alight. By day they hid in the woods and eventually, boasting the success of Beasley's Cave at a point where Creek Brook empties into the Memphremagog, the weary vagabonds continued the journey on foot and by a remarkable series of geographical calculation, arrived back in Haverhill after no absence of a month. They were received at the inn dead and exhausted, a reception befitting a conquering monarch.

Hannah's husband, believed that the three had rendered a service to the village in the massacre of savage Indians and filed a claim for the government bounty of \$25—a bounty which had been offered an Indian soldier.

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1904, but was later reduced to half that amount and revoked completely in 1908 when claims apparently became too numerous.

In April of 1887, he accompanied the three to Boston where he filed a petition to the Governor in that city. In claiming the award, Boston pleaded that the "court of the Action remained the same" and that "your petitioner having lost his Estate in that Colony sends him the latter object for which he demands the publick Bounty shall paye propege for what hath been done."

A stark evidence of their absence.

HANDKERCHIEF

By CLIFFORD WILLIAMS



WINGS MEN THOUGHT MIGHT FLY



MARIE J. FANNING

A shoemaker, a watchmaker, a locksmith, and an engineer had the same idea, and look where it led!

AT seven o'clock in the evening a crowd began to gather in the Crimsone Gardens, London. Rapidly they formed a closely packed circle around a large open space where scenes of mayhem were happening.

An odd-looking creature, like a bird but with great flapping wings and a dangling tail, was poised awkwardly on the grass. Some two-hundred feet above the ground, and enclosed by ropes and iron stakes, was a gas-filled balloon of the type that men had lately been using to drift in a remarkable manner across the skies.

The crowd pressed forward excitedly, newsmen elbowing and pushing from the rear for a better view. A gap went up in the enclosure and the figure of a man was revealed.

He was standing on a high wooden platform with the enormous wings

strapped to his shoulders. Made of stout, waterproof silk these wings had a bladed framework of cane, measured 37 feet in length with an average breadth of 4 feet. The hanging tail was 30 feet long and 3 feet wide.

The date was July 9, 1876, and the man who would soon endeavor to demonstrate to the waiting crowd that he couldimitate the flight of a bird, was Vincent de Groot, a shoemaker from Belgium. For many years this man had been dreaming all his spare time to the construction of the apparatus which would give him power to float gracefully through the air.

De Groot had made the wings in such a way that they could be moved towards and downwards by muscular force with the aid of rubber bands which he attached to his arms, and

he was convinced that, having started from a given height, he could manage his descent towards the earth in an undisturbed swooping motion without risk of concussion.

To reach the height from which the descent would be made, de Groot had enlisted the aid of a man named Sennens, who had an aerial balloon. The Belgian was to be attached to the basket of the balloon, in which Sennens would ride, and the balloon would then be released. When de Groot gave the signal, Sennens was to liberate him and he would begin his thrilling descent.

The spectator had already made an attempt to fly. In the early hours of one morning a week previously, Sennens had taken him aloft with his balloon. All went well until the time came for de Groot to be freed. Then Sennens became nervous and decided he was unable to do it. He did not tell the other man, however, and as they descended from a height of 350 feet over Epping Forest, de Groot touched the ground with moving wings some moments before the balloon. He did not notice that Sennens had failed to cut the line and therefore believed he had safely flown and landed safely.

As Sennens climbed into the basket-car for the second flight, he knew that this time in the presence of so many people, he would have to carry out his part of the bargain.

Several men had volunteered to lift the basket from the ground, and as they did so, the balloon soared upwards taking de Groot and his wings with it.

"They drifted slowly over the gardens, then at a signal from a crowd, the balloon was gradually lowered again from 400 feet to 300 feet. The winged man on his long rope was dangling a little over 100 feet above the ground."

When they were close to the church tower of St. Lukas, de Groot should

in German to the man above, and Sennens detached the rope.

De Groot lifted his arms so he dropped, but with a sudden lurch he appeared to lose control. The wings collapsed, and to the horror of the spectators, the man, still strapped to the weighty apparatus and clinging to his ropes, turned over and over and then fell with great violence to the ground. He was killed instantly.

Vincent de Groot was only one of hundreds of "birdmen" who over the years attempted to spread their precious instrument of wings and fly.

The earliest record of an attempt at flight, is that of the Chinese Emperor Shun, who in 2206 B.C. escaped from a prison in which he was imprisoned threatened with death at a burning stake. The Emperor had climbed to the top of the tall building and miraculously "flew" so safely by wildly flapping two large umbrellas made of reeds, which he attached to his shoulders.

During the eleventh century, a Berenice of Constantinople, was anxious to show her skill at a fair before the Emperor Manuel Comnenus, Sultan of the Turks, and a large concourse of people, but attempted to fly across the Hippodrome where horses were being raced.

The flying contrivance was a long and very wide garment of white silk, braided with rods of willow-wood on an elaborate framework. From the top of the Hippodrome tower, he leaped into the wind and took off! Unfortunately his wings were unable to keep him aloft and he fell to his death.

As Italia, John Borsig, who was appointed to the French Court of Louis XIV as physician in 1667, constructed a pair of feathered wings, and fastening them to his body, he tried to launch himself from the palace roof, but fell to the ground and broke a leg.

Finally one of the most successful

YOU DON'T HAVE TO TELL ME.

I know you've found a new romance, a fresher thrill
I know you're acting like a heel—and always will.
(Do you think I care?)

I know you're telephoning her three times a day
And sending flowers and cigarettes—the same old play!
(Do you think I care?)

I know just how you stroke her hair and kiss her lips,
I know you've given her those gorgeous diamond clips
(Do you think I care?)

I'll say I do—I'm sitting down!

KAT GRANT

early attempt was made by a Belgian locksmith, Beuster, who used two rods rather like axes, at the ends of which were hooked flaps. Raising these rods to his shoulders, Beuster worked the flaps up and down with his hands and feet. They opened and closed upon the air as they descended closing on the upstroke. With the assistance of these axes, Beuster actually made several safe landings after pumping from rooftops and trees. It was believed that he witnessed, that he succeeded in gliding across a river.

By the sixteenth century air balloons had already been put to considerable use. The first successful voyage had been made in 1705 by a Frenchman, Pilatre de Rozier, who held on to the end of a line attached to a balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. From that date on, continuous improvement was made in the construction of balloons. There was also some experimen-

ation in eighteenth and nineteenth centuries in air machines. An Englishman, Alcides Pascote, designed a screw-driven aerialist in 1785, which consisted of a chair with two propellers. One propeller was to lift the chair vertically into the air, and the other to keep it in an even level. Although Pascote had little success with his invention and ceased experimenting, the ideas incorporated in his machine showed that method advancement had been made in the principles of flight.

Nevertheless, it was the nineteenth century that yielded probably the most persistent and outstanding landings.

Two of these, who persisted almost as much voluntarily as did de Rozier, were Jakob Degen, a watchmaker of Zurich, and a German tailor named Berlinguer.

While he bent over his workbench dovetailing tiny cog wheels and set-

ting his time machine ticking, 32-year-old Jakob Degen thought of flying. He had been working secretly for a long time on a contraption which he was convinced would one day carry him for the first he had spent on it.

It was a thin, mean little man who eventually emerged from the solitude of his workshop in 1795 to demonstrate his results to a number of people in a tiny theatre in Vienna.

He stood motionless, balanced on two hand-shaped wings made of cane and bamboo and liberally covered with 2000 flags of vermilion paper. The giant wingspread covered 100 square feet. In addition, to distribute his own weight, he had constructed a two-hundredweight running on rollers.

At last, with the aid of a framework of rods, he set his wings in motion. To everyone's amazement, the man slowly rose and soared in the roof.

When the Emperor heard of this achievement, he bestowed handsome gifts at the landing.

Degen then decided to make another attempt in the Champ de Mars. However, instead of a two-hundredweight, he fastened a small balloon above the apparatus. But when Degen opened his wings, the clockwork failed to function, and the people who watched howled and shouted with derision.

The tragedy follow went back to his workshop and gave up all further hope of demonstrating the law of gravity.

Berlinguer's flying apparatus was an inferior replica of Degen's.

On May 28, 1811, he announced that he would fly from the city wall of Ulm across the Danube. Thousands of people gathered to witness the flight, and among them was the King of Wurtemberg.

But as he stood looking down into the river from the wall, Berlinguer suddenly lost his confidence. He raised his wings once or twice, took a short run, then stopped. He did this

several times but still could not make up his mind to jump.

Then the King became impatient. The next time Berlinguer started his wings, His Majesty made a sign to a police official standing behind the barrier. The policeman gave him a push and Berlinguer fell struggling and crying into the Danube. He was fished out sans the worse for his immersion, but he, too, gave up his ambitions to fly, and concentrated on his vocation by cutting up the rod and wire he had used for his wings and making out of them women's parasols.

These crude attempts at flight were soon considered to be evidence only of man's pitiful desire to emulate nature, and of his easy of the courageous power of gliding with which birds, butterflies and bats had been endowed.

But in the light of the rapid advancement of aircraft design and construction during the last fifty years, it is perhaps easier to believe that these primitive ventures were but the early rambles of an evolution that was logical and inevitable.



The mob said kill!



MICHAEL O'SHAINE

The law now makes out justice to those who would take the law into their own hands and kill a man on insufficient evidence of guilt.

"THROW him out, you blue-bellied, sugar-eating sons of b----."

Strong words and words pregnant with danger when shouted angrily by a mob of five thousand indignant men, women and children packing and jostling around the steps of the Court House in Leavelle, Texas, in the spring of 1939.

It was early on a Friday afternoon, and mass daylight stone-faced men, equally grim-faced women, and children shrieked with excitement and not a child fear bed-tormented from studying facts and nearly leaped to the climax for blood—the blood of a negro.

This was a rash, a killing mob with emotions stirred and passions poised to the point of spontaneous and concerted action. Lawyer and laborer,

farmer and physician, cleric and carpenter, all joined with the one pervading blood-lust, howling for vengeance—or was it rather—to their outraged feelings?

The incident started with a treasury on the previous Saturday, a negro farm laborer called at the house of his employer for his wages, a mere six dollars. The farmer was in Leavelle and had forgotten to leave the money, so the negro went away grumbling, but not unduly upset. Shortly afterwards, he returned with a shotgun, threatened the farmer's wife and savagely assaulted her.

Enraging later, the woman called the alarm, and a search was on at first as telephone could rouse a sheriff's posse. The negro was eventually brought to after capture, snarling,

laughed, by a sheriff's officer. The claim by the officer that he had been fired on by the negro was discounted later by an independent commander of agency.

With the countryside already stirring, the authorities took the wise precaution of lodging the accused in a jail some distance from Leavelle. Throughout Monday a small group of men and boys patrolled around the town and Wild rumors spread until the exaggerated reports of the mass reached frantic proportions.

By Tuesday night the crowd had swelled to a vast throng and natural leaders emerged, waving a demand that the prisoner be handed over. Only after the sheriff had contacted some representatives of the mob through the jail to prove that the negro was not held there did the armed throng, and then with only threats of future action.

Black, brooding temper smoldered in the crowd until the Friday morning, the day of the trial. Although serious trouble seemed probable, the sheriff refused to close the veranda of the jail; he would hold his meet despite the mob's threats. He did, however, take the precaution of calling for the services of four Texas Rangers as an extra guard for the prisoner.

Being fully aware of the temper of the crowd, the sheriff did not risk teleporting him through the streets in daylight; he arranged for the Rangers to manage the negro into the court before dawn.

Throughout the morning, during the long process of selecting the jury outside the court, the crowd outside the building grew in density. Each hour of waiting fanned the smoldering fire of anger; it flared with wild enthusiasm when the runner came, and that the Governor had ordered the Rangers not to shoot should any attempt to seize the negro be made.

At 1 p.m. a stretcher was carried

hastily to the Court House, on it was the wan, weak victim of the search. Nothing could have stirred the mob to wild frenzy. The last shudder of restraint snapped like thin thread; the screaming, shouting throng multitude surged as one, rushed the doors and burst into the Court House.

Fighting back desperately and using their drawn guns as clubs, three of the Rangers took the first assault of the mob while the fourth released tear gas. Temporary blinding, choking, remorse, confusion, but viewing vengeance, the mob scrambled back to the relief of the outside air.

Thus thwarted in the first main assault, the mob had then started its modern device for sin grat. It leaped to a sudden silence as the stretcher entered from the Court House; the bulk of a shapeless figure could be seen on the stretcher; it was covered with a dripping sheet.

"It's a trick, they're marching the black son of a b---- away."

No answer was the thought yet into shouted word than the mob reacted. It surged forward, men and women fighting and jostling for position close in from where they could pounce on the man, but when the body unstretched the sheet from the body, the crowd fell back, stunned and dismayed, for the woman lay unconscious on the stretcher; she had been practised by the tier ma.

Wild rumors flew; the woman had died of shock at the sight of her assailant. Hysteria swept the mob; blood, passion, unnameable anger burned all bonds; at howling fit fury, the multitude rushed the barred doors. Thoroughly elated, the judge abandoned the trial and ordered a change of venue. He directed that the prisoner be lodged in a fireproof, reinforced concrete vault on the second floor.

At 2:30 p.m. a woman smashed one of the lower windows and hurled a can of gasoline through the break. A firestick followed, and the Court

NAPOLÉON is said to have preferred men with large noses and fat mustaches; he would have been laughing when it occurred that it should be Wellington who should finally bring him to the dust, for Wellington had the largest nose of them all. Large noses seem to be synonymous with fame, for a great many large noses have figured in history and letters—Cicero, for one; Shakespeare, Dickens, and Dickens to mention a few.

House metched with flame, the occupant burst down up the stairs to the second floor.

Having fought a passage through the crash, the Fire Brigade managed to run ladders up outside the building. The mob allowed the firemen to carry on though it howled its anger and defiance when the Judge, the County Attorney, the Sheriff, and the Regulators were rescued. It did not interfere until all were saved, except the negro.

"Let him burn," the crowd shouted in tension.

Actuated by common impulse, men stashed the house in ribbons, dashed down ladders, and struck the negro's personally, driving them from their stations. The mob cheered wildly as the Brigade abandoned the uneven fight, but one man made an impudent remark at the sight of such wilful destruction of public property.

"Now isn't that a shame," he muttered.

No sooner had he spoken than he dropped to the ground unconscious, he had been killed by a blow on the head with a bottle.

At 4 p.m. a small detachment of

the National Guard from a nearby town arrived, and the outskirts of the crowd, but, fearing its temper and its numbers, returned to their houses without attempting any action.

Two hours later fifty-two National Guardsmen arrived, but the mob, hurling stones, bottles, and sticks of dynamite, drove them back three blocks to the goal. There, with reinforcements, the troops made a stand, shooting over the heads of the crowd, but they did not attempt to attack, knowing it free to return to the Court House.

For four hours up till midnight, the bare steel and reinforced concrete walls defied all efforts of the mob to burst it open. Then, with an acrobatic dash and working from the top of a long ladder, one of the mob leaders managed to cut a hole in the steel door bar enough to take a charge of dynamite.

A sudden hiss fell over the crowd as the charge was triggered home. It penetrated until the blast, then a mighty cheer reverberated, for the dynamite had blown a hole in the door large enough for a man to enter. The leader charged through.

"Now he is it," he shouted, as he emerged and tossed down the dead body of the negro killed by either the fire or the explosion.

Lynchings like these comes from Charles Lynch, an eighteenth century Virginian, in closest to Bourbon, being against a particular individual for a special crime, or pretzelot, being of economic origin, especially in depression periods, and usually directed against a racial minority.

Australia's major case occurred in Kalgoorlie in January, 1938, following the death of Jordan, an Australian miner, who fell from a blow struck by an Indian bouncer of the Horse Shoe Hotel. Ninety-five business premises, besides houses and sheds, were wrecked and burned.

According to Dr H. V. Scott, who investigated, the riot was economic in origin and was directed against aliens because of alleged unfair performances in the mines. The killing of Jordan was merely the spark to the trades. The Indian was later arrested, but apart from numerous summary convictions, eight men were later sentenced on criminal charges. Compensation with American fitness is this respect heavily favours Australia.

Unfortunately the temper of the masses has blunted innocent men.

As often as not, it is later proved that the victim was not guilty of the crime for which he has been lynched. Of twenty-eight lynchings in 1939 the Southern Commission on the Study of Lynching reported that eight only were probably guilty. The Leesville victim was the most definitely guilty of those eight.

"Take him to Negro Town. Take him to Negro Town."

The Leesville mob was not satisfied with the death of the negro, nor even with the sight of his body hanging from a limb of an oak in front of the goal. A Food卓dler, in which were two boys and two girls, was reorganized as a bandit. The body was secured to the back of the car, and six thousand pillars, cheering people formed a bizarre procession, many of them shouting "Hooray! Dicks Are Black Devils!"

On a tall cottonwood tree in front of a sugar draggot shop, the black body was hoisted in chains to the African sheets of the mob. With axes, hammers, and sheer man-power the crowd crushed into the morbid stems, splitting, destroying, and pulling furniture and fittings high under the writhing corpse.

To the frenzied cheers from five thousand throats, the dinner lapped high Andrus's weird halab of screaming, yelling, and singing, to dancing and the mazurka, surging away of a multitude of normally nice men,

women, and children in the grip of mob hysteria, the body was burned.

Sated at last, some of the crowd went home, but the rest launched themselves into an orgy of looting, and hunting throughout the negro quarters. Two thousand Leeville negroes fled for their lives, the mob was running them out of the town.

At 1 a.m. on February 1500 state troopers arrived, with more later, until at dawn 400 members of the National Guard were under arms with rifles, tear gas, and machine-guns; Leeville was under control.

Martial law was declared, and the clean-up started. A military court eventually headed over twenty-men and 60 typed pages of evidence to the civil authorities sat, after nine days of occupation, the troops were withdrawn.

The venue of the civil trial was moved to another town, for no jury could be impaneled that would convict, whatever the evidence. One man (af bid had repeat) was sentenced to two years for arson, but he was released before completing his term. The remaining men were never brought to trial.



It started ~~this~~ way



Cupboards are the handsomest things. Where better to store the poker-chips, out-dated marionettes and funerary wreaths? But wait, that's not the function for which they were intended. Pre-18th century cupboard doors were truly cup boards—merely shelves for drinking vessels.

When is a bedroom not a sport? When it is a bed! The master was not always as obscure as it sounds today. The Elizabethans slept in passage rooms that led one into the other. Necessity inspired the tester, post and curtains. A bit small perhaps, but that's how private rooms started.



Lads for us is just one derived uniform after another. But it was not always so. The vogue was begun by that provocative sovereign, the eighth Harry, when he decided to make his army regular, and ordered that it be known in the field by the St. George Cross worn on the pelican, and that the king's men of each parish wear a distinguishing dress.

"What would we do without coffee?" asks the Balinesean whose trade, or pleasure, demands they keep its early switches. The stimulative properties of the beans have been greatly appreciated since its first brewing—which took place after a monk discovered that by chewing the berries of the shrub he was able to remain awake at noon!



The grandest musical instrument is the organ—and the loudest the penny whistle. Right! Well, here's where the two can do meet! Even a modern organ is only so many whistles played in a mechanical way. A bright spark of madcap times started it with a small portable pipe organ, but before that there were just so many whistles!



getting the GOLD

SHADES of the Party-please . . .

They're gold-digging again in California! And actress Jo Jordan shows how it's done. Scoop may and kitchen shades are the only tools of trade. The kit would not have suited the old timers . . . and they'd have been against all the get-up . . . but

Jo likes it fine, so she takes advantage of every golden opportunity to visit the handsomest prospecting bent. She's sure there are specks of gold under the sand . . . and she won't overlook the beach grasses . . . no knowing what a bright-eyed gold digger might find!



Lots of people have the mistaken idea that the plomorous ladies who depict movie, radio and stage really hit the high spots when not working. "I'm so," says Jo... "Being an actress is a tough crowd and plenty competitive. A girl has to be in shape in more ways than one." If results count for anything, Jo's programme has a lot to commend it.



Even if she doesn't find gold, Jo will go back with a nice healthy tan. Truth, who knows, that's all she's盼望ing for. The patchwork accessory gives her away. Well, you never know what a really rich prospecter will come along. Come to think of it, gold-digging never did go out of vogue!

HOURS OF SUICIDE

If Eleanor Offutt had chosen to die, she wanted now, more than anything else, to live. But she had already chosen life, and death was choosing her.



PETER DAVIS

To the passengers aboard the steamer *Lillian Luckenbach* as she left San Francisco nearly 12 years ago (Nov., 1937), Eleanor Offutt was an enigma.

What was the mystery behind her somber eyes? An unhappy love affair, recent people guessed?

When three passengers, after some argument caused her to consent to make a fourth at Bridge one night, they imagined they might probe her secret. To their surprise and dismay, as a clock struck midnight, she suddenly fanned down her cards in the middle of a hand and without a word of apology reached to her cabin.

At 1 a.m. a white-clad stewardess reported that the beautiful Miss Offutt had disappeared. Fears spread

internally, one addressed to the Captain, three to persons in New York, told their story, without need to open them. Offutt hurriedly searched the ship, but every search lent certainty to the possibilities of self-destruction.

"We don't know when she left the ship," said the first officer. "The poor girl's probably gone to the bottom an hour ago . . ."

"No doubt," agreed the Captain, but the strange story of the day is interwoven with his strange certainty that a human life might yet be saved. Had some lesser soul worried him, a marine was taking place? The ship was then hundreds of miles from land. Though there seemed little use in turning back to search the white-capped

waves of a shark-swept sea,⁷ the fact remains that the captain gave orders to retrace the course the *Lillian Luckenbach* had followed.

Hour after hour a searchlight scanned the dark ocean. The silence which followed its beam, writing the sea down to nothing, than that all was futile.

Yet amid those dark waters, as they searched, Eleanor Offutt still lived, struggling at last against a terrible fate. She could not swim. She had been certain of death. Yet now she found she could not drown.

When she struggled free from the deck and was carried far down through the water, it seemed she would never rise again. During that awful descent, the clinging despair of the past few weeks deserted her; she waited for nothing but to live. Then she found herself floating on the surface, the stars glittering above her head, the great mass of the ship sliding by.

She put out her hand and touched it. With the thought of the propeller, never leaving her. The revolting sound . . .

She closed her eyes, waiting, kicking. Then the danger was past, although the ship was leaving her behind. She screamed but its few lights receded farther and farther. Soon she was alone on that wide sea, under no keeps, with only the stars and the waves.

That was the advice of Eleanor Offutt. For seven hours she floated on the ocean's bosom, hour succeeding hour as she still lived. In the first few minutes, she made up her mind to make no attempt to struggle but to drift her fate in peace. She became stiff with cold, but enjoyed the sinking sensation. Soon she would sleep.

Suddenly a grey shape came sailing toward her. A reef? A ship? For a few seconds her confused mind could not sweep her dangers. All

through the night she seemed to have caught a glimpse of strange shapes, lights, the gleaming outlines of land that broke and vanished. Hallucinations? Now she knew that this was reality—sharks—and all the terrifying tales she had ever heard of sharks come flooding into her mind.

She swerved in despair, splashed wildly with her arms and legs, and instantly sank. When, coughing and gasping, she came to the surface, she knew that her only chance was to remain still and placid.

The maddening shadow of the night had disappeared. Hours were needed to pass in constant terror of sharks. Her aching heart palpitated. Revolving pains ran through her limbs. As dawn broke she said to herself in exhaustion, "So I am to see the light of the sun again."

An intolerable weariness possessed her.

Did she sleep in that sea? All she knew is that she opened her eyes and daylight had fully come and a ship was very close. Despite her shakiness, it seemed to pass without noticing her till in its white wake the caught sight of a reefwood. Men's voices called to her encouragingly. Hands snatched her from the watery grave.

To the skipper of the *Lillian Luckenbach* it seemed almost unbelievable that he had picked up his missing passenger only ten minutes before he had agreed to abandon the search. When Eleanor Offutt had practically recovered, he paid her a visit, questioned her and received no answer. He returned her sealed letters unopened. Still she would say nothing save allow her eyes to express mute gratitude.

As they docked at New York, word of the drama had leaked out and reporters crowded the ship. She shaded face. It was only weeks afterwards that she told a friend of the agency of her seven hours west the deck . . .



WHAT GREAT MINDS THINK OF FASHION

How exquisitely absurd to tell girls that beauty is of no value, down of no use! Beauty is of value, her whole prospect of happiness in life may even depend upon a new gown or a becoming bouquet, and if she has free time of course she will find time out.

Sydney Smith. *Lady Holland Memors*

The maid who modestly covers
Her beauties while she hides, rewards
Gives but a plumper and fuzzi draw
Whate'er the Greek Venus was.

Edmund Moore

Clothes were invented so that women could go naked in clothes.

Mahomet

Let your person please by cleanliness and be made worthy by the costume,
let your legs fit and be spangled.

Quid

A well tied tie is the first sensible step in life.

Oscar Wilde

Down drowses our cells dry and keeps our bodies lame.

Casper

Fashion is generally running away from vulgarity and afraid of being
overdone.

William Hogart

Though wrong the mode, corsets, more sense is shown in wanting others'
fitter than our own.

Edward Young

Good clothes open all doors.

Thomas Fuller

Ave Gardner, H-S-M. star





FRIEND of SAVAGES

John Gilbert propped himself up on his arm, the better to see his young friend across the tent.

"You know, Murphy, I reckon there's a woman at the bottom of those natives. They've been trading us ever since that skirmish Charlie and Brown had with them the other day."

"A woman, eh, John?"

"Yes, sir, a woman! Charley wouldn't stop at anything if he could get a hand on one of those native women. Much my words, young Murphy, those natives have been enraged and we'll be fortunate if we don't have serious trouble!"

John Gilbert, botanist and geologist, felt no danger at the moment, for Blackie, as a general rule, did not attack at night. Roger and Calvert were in the other tent. Phillip, he knew, was down by the water Leichhardt and the two aborigines, Charley and Brown, were on guard by the fire.

Gilbert recalled that he had disputed Charley's motivation in the expedition right at the beginning. That was nearly nine months ago. Charley had refused to present their bracelet, and then made matters worse with insulting language to the leader. Charley had apologetic the next day and Leichhardt had taken him back. But Gilbert was suspicious.

And then there was this business

with Brown. Of course it was not to be wondered that man would become restless after nine months on the trail, and still no sign of the Gulf, but when the two natives had begun to quarrel it had added to the difficulties.

John Gilbert began to think about his diary—a collection of impressions and his notes of botanical specimens. His notebook was filled and now he was overwriting the notes already made. He hoped he would be able to read them when he returned. He was almost asleep, when he heard the first bloodcurdling scream of attacking natives. He heard Leichhardt call for gun caps and then he was out from under his covers and reaching for his own gun.

As he grabbed his gun a spear flew through the half light of the tent opening, found its mark in his breast and John Gilbert sank to the ground.

With the look of guns the natives vanished and within a few minutes of the first howling across all was quiet. But John Gilbert, Island of the Blacks, was dead by the hand of those for whom he had worked.

They buried him under a tree, on which was inscribed his name and age. But there was no mound—only the remains of a fire which they hurried to remove any evidence of a grave.



Being an account of how a people of country "cavalcade" settled a waging problem for two "schemin' spilebees."

THE BOUNDARY FENCE

MERVYN ANDREWS



HAVING completed her assault on the breakfast dishes, Martha Sweeney carried the tin dish to the door. With a deft swirl and a masterly last-minute change of aim she swerved the water along the veranda. The resulting rooster, the chuking Black Capon, and the splashed hen retreated precipitately with squeaks of protest.

"It's not cleanin' that up after ye'll have to be," the woman said, with a grin of satisfaction.

Tight ministering sunshine and her temporary victory over the poultry encouraged Martha to sing as she walked towards the bedroom.

"The hoe-up that came through," she crooned with high, off-key enthusiasm. "Tee-rub! Tee-rub!"

The screaming wall of woe, like a bumble-bee in delirium, cut short all pretence of song. Martha stood petrified, her head touching the door, her mouth expect open, her eyes staring in stark horror; the best stood framed in the window, its face a grey blot like an asbestos mask, with sinister curving horns spouting smoke.

"Mooreh!"

The beast growled, a hoarse, dazed, satanic snarl. Martha fled uncontrollably, shrieking a penetrating squalor of terror, screaming for Pat. Warned of her approach, the ponylist scuttled. She went across the yard as if all the devils of hell pursued her. The crisch and scissle as the trap-pot over the paddly bucket added to her frenzy, she consciousness writhed of agility and thudded blindly into Pat as he emerged from the shed

Ruddy, bellowing merrily, crashed through the trough

"Two the devil himself," she gasped as her terror. "In me own bedroom he was, wid the face of him, an' the horns, an' his red coat around him an' the tail of him shakin' at me in his wrath."

Looking over her head as he tried to calm her, Pat cut short the secret muttering of his prayer when he saw a raw-boned, out cow lumbering across the paddock for the brash in the post and rail boundary fence which

it had made a short leap before He thrust his treacherous wife aside with a rough shove and took a firm grip of his six-foot snake stick.

"To the devil wid ye, weesin," he said curtly, as he bounded in pursuit. "The weasit, but Murphy's white-dead cow."

Wounded by Martha's first scream, the cow had withdrawn its head hurriedly from the bedroom window, abandoned its feast on the curtains and, wary in tactics of strategic retreat had headed for the meadow at its own pace.

"Quarie a' the Flanns," Danny Murphy had christened it at a call, though Bally was its common designation. Once in its own rock-strewn pasture it stopped and faced the man with belligerent dignity. Pat knew that it gazed at him derisively, brushing the last remnants of its retirement dinner the lone animal trespasser Danny Murphy's pitifully anger could stay him; he launched himself at the cow with the stick flailing.

Taken by surprise, Bally wheeled and, following rancorously, charged far the house with Sweeney, panting for breath, just behind it, lobstercrust its rump. The cow handled squealing pigs, she scattered squawking doves; she crashed through the pine trough, spalling the swell over the ground. Pat, unable to avoid the hazard, pushed headlong into the weeds.

By the time Sweeney had picked himself up and wiped the slime from his face, Bally had disappeared. She took shelter on the front verandah where, in the company of Sweeney's old grey mare, she placidly surveyed the net until the tumult subsided. Then she wandered off unchained for further adventures through the broken fence.

Though the cow was not in sight when Pat came, Danny Murphy was the little man's enough worked despondently to control his anger, and his short glances now and then beamed like

the hails on a bear's neck, but the tall, broad-shouldered Sweeney was equally fearless.

"Where be he?" he shouted, waving his sick wildly. "Ye cut the fence out ay her an' fade it to the paws! Or will ye ne'eraper, meathurin' varmint! Twas the devil himself as saved her, an' that man's father is yourself, Murphy. Och! I'm thinkin'!"

Danny raised an appealing hand. "Not yourself ye be that varmnar! Pat, an' shal wonder if that is, but it's a fine little Rose o' Bally has leaves! an' it's yestid I wanter to see it."

"A fine tree is the Rose," Sweeney agreed, mirthfully. "An' it's seemly the old G'd be to be."

By the time that the big cow had been impeded and the contents of whisky bottle consumed, the two men were in more friendly accord, but Pat insisted on Murphy repairing the fence.

"But the poor innocent beast past wedder through the holes you cold grey mare's han' makes these two yeas," Danny protested.

"The mairk it yill ha'! Sweeney perempted doggedly; he was shaken by the truth about the grey mare, but he and Murphy had been scheming and counter-scheming for a year to get the other to mend the fence, this chance was too good to miss.

"With all the will in the world I'd be done it," Danny wheezed. "But it's no shoulder, bad case to it, it's come to my mouth I can be likin' me hand when I be scratchin' me ear."

Winning with pain at such jerky movement, Danny raised his water arm. Sweeney watched suspiciously; the dampness had not been evident at Murphy's turn to lift the whisky bottle, though the complaint was notoriously bad when in proximity to work.

"Skeen an' Oi wouldn't beakin' ye to be littie! yer hands higher'n the belly ye are!" Sweeney told him with a dry grin. "Och! be littie the mair for ye after ye've dug the holes!"

Murphy knew that Sweeney had his own, you could lead him to the well, just like a pig, but you could not drive him to market. Bowing to the inevitable, he went to the house for tools, and there he glanced the grey mare under the verandah. He called up to Bridget and whispered earnestly in her ear. She nodded a ready agreement, and Danny went off with Sweeney.

"Twas pur rason as did it," Murphy protested again, when the two stood despondently at the broken fence. "See the tracks."

"Twas pur cow," Sweeney retorted obstinately, but his confidence was shaken, he admitted. "Tis tenber we'll do it, then no one can say hard feckin' be wokin' the bards uv our kindly mairson!"

"It's iron in a stronger than wood," Danny impugned hopefully, he knew how close to the surface was the sick bottom. "Tis bindin' the old posts together we could be done!"

"Divil take ye for a lousy apogone," Pat retorted. "The three new pairs we'll be havin', an' Oi'll be pintin' ye down me shad while ye be anchorin' the holes. An' ful steg, ye'll be anchorin' 'em, too."

"Then it's pur crowbar Oi'll be needin'," Murphy said reasonably. "Twas leavin' me own behind when I bought it."

Sweeney scowled but trudged off to the house, while Danny sat on the round, howling gleefully. It was only a minute as Bridget's gentle action that could save him, he thought, and it seemed that Bridget had failed him, for here was Sweeney returning.

Taking the bar, Danny roared. It lay inches from the ground, but his toes were steaming merrily. Suddenly he crossed with robust, loud cries resounding from the Murphy house, whilst a squawking of doves and a clatter of tins, the old grey mare charged from the yard, be-

laborious by Bridget's brooms. With the instincts of self-preservation, the horse reared for the gap in the fence but, among the men there, it reversed and dashed through the tumble-down structure a few yards above them. Danny dropped the bar and turned on Sweeney belligerently.

"Twas pur horse as done it," Danny cried merrily.

Confronted by such indomitable evidence, Sweeney wilted. He became speechless and volunteered to repair the damaged fence himself. Danny looked unconcerned, but he stood by silently while Sweeney drove in the crowbar to lever out the old posts, but at the first lift of the bar, a half-patched, weeping screen rose from the Sweeney house.

Both men swang round in time to see the whale-faced cow emerge slowly from Sweeney's front verandah. In its back-hungans collar it loomed across the field, tail flying, then, emerging the two men, it waded off and vanished through the fence below them.

With a resigned shrug of his shoulders, Danny looked at Pat. "In a whole new fence we should be puttin' up," he muttered mordantly.

"Inside an' at it, Danny," Sweeney admitted. "That will be nearer." "Twas leavin' me own behind when I bought it."

Sweeney scowled but trudged off to the house, while Danny sat on the round, howling gleefully. It was only a minute as Bridget's gentle action that could save him, he thought, and it seemed that Bridget had failed him, for here was Sweeney returning.

The light of a great inspiration flooded Danny Murphy's face.

"Tis the truth that first speaks," Pat. "An' the truth ye're overlooked," he said紧接着。 "Tis a drop of that wine Oi be havin' hid in the wood heap beyond the shed," Sweeney acknowledged, considering the price of a cheap against the labour of repairing the boundary fence.

THE *Golden* MUTINEER

CEDRIC MENTIFLAT

It was a pretty serious storm, but it passed. The playful final was left finishing something he should never have started.

AS I gazed along the beach towards the pale, white-headed sea broken in long crests against the thrust of the wind, and now sliding back on molten wings to take a sister look. There was a sparkle on the water, and the breeze blew keen and fragrant from the sea.

It was all so perfect—and so wrong. To call my need there should have been shown, with the sea-birds meeting all raised and the wave-crests flattening to the beginning of a gale. Some force was blowing up, something with the power to make me high and dry on a lee shore when up till now my name had meant the search—and I had nothing to do with the weather.

That was how I felt, apprehensive and a little panic-stricken, when I skidded round the groove in a flurry of sand and hewed into the path through the sand-hills. It is my only explanation for what happened.

Suddenly it was there before me—the face I detested. It was one of those lean, hard, tweedy faces with slick black hair and perfect teeth flashing through a colour-scheme of synthetic sunsets. Jerry Kasa stood his eyebrows at me in that languid way of his, and flicked a cool hand



It was all he had time for. Pure reflex brought my fist up; I knew a trilling pop when it cracked home with a meaty thud. When the dust cleared Jerry was sitting in the middle of the track, a surprised look on his face.

I should have been easy there. Here was the author of all my troubles! All I had to do was to beat him to a jolly if he wanted fight, or chase him out of town if he turned tail. That would remove the rocks from the fairway, would leave everything plain sailing again for me and Boss Be Stiggle, eh?

"A little irritated, Kansas boy?" interrupted Jerry, closing his jaw. "Can't take opposition, eh?"

He was casting off the ground as he



Jerrylet gave a convulsive lurch that sent Jerry sailing for a streak.

sparks, and his eyes fitted for a moment over my left shoulder. I turned, and saw that the world had happened. Benz was on the pony-head horse watching us move that collision. He was tall and straight in his heavy turtle-necked sweater and stiff-ribbed slacks, and the leaven made a galloping far of the short leaves of his hair—but I could see even at that distance that she was angry.

I squared off to meet Jerry's charge. By all reports he should come in swinging like a wrecking-ram. Weekly playboys always believed that way. I had been told, in arguments they could not otherwise win. With jingles and hard-living on my side, I had nothing to worry about.

He came in really enough, but he

was growing slightly, and his hands were up in a workmanlike readjustment. I waited for the first time that the shoulders under the leathered sports jacket were wide and capable, and that for all his ways he did not appear to have a spare ounce on him.

I swung for the jaw again, a paw unflinchingly extended—and was blocked by a forearm like an oak tree. Then we were together, rolled, feet going in short-arm pins for the vita and vita, I was within inches of that headlong face, still with its slight smile.

"The history of stage censorship goes back 300 years to the time when King Charles II created letters patent to Thomas Killigrew and Sir William Davenant, making them the sole custodians of theatrical entertainments in the metropolis, and thus, it was hoped, "ensuring against profanity and scurrility" in the theatre. But thirty years later, there were the theatrical characteristics violently attacked by Jeremy Collier, in a book which had the lamentable result of driving William Congreve from despiteous authorship."

"So glad you started this, Ron," he answered. "You've been no help at all up to now—and you know, you've had the ladies running all the time. She wouldn't look at me—but she will now, after she saw that performance of yours, eh?"

"What?" I gasped stupidly.

Then something like a trip hammer struck on my ribs. I went back, trying to block the blow. Something whirled up from ground-level and exploded in my right eye. The big fellow before me had spread a dozen steel-tipped arms and was snarling in with every one.

"Hold up, all men!" said Jerry conversationally, accepting a claque he didn't need. "I want this to look good. It's a little lesson in being able to feeds what you start, eh? By the way she talked, that has ditched you—but your feet of clay are showing!"

I saw red after that. Forgetting what little I knew about the boxing game, I went after him. I had to punch that enormous, brawny face to a pulp but it seemed to dance before me in a stampeding horse. What blows did so keenly landed like leather pillows. The ultima were slowly cutting me to pieces.

"I'll get you, you—" I roared. "Bash, Rooster. There's a lady present," came a cracking voice from a great distance. "How will you have it—full-face or profile?"

I felt myself being massastered into position, and could do nothing about it. My eyes were all but closed, and that pounding had done things to my mind. I was in the hands of a master—that was all. But the sickness made me want deeper than that.

I was still standing on rubber legs, still trying to land one worthwhile punch, when I realized hardly that my target had gone. My vision cleared for a moment. Jerry Knox was smiling comically away, sticking out off the knees of his palest-gray slacks—and he was going to meet Rose.

"Are you all right, Jerry?" she was saying. "I saw what happened—er I would never have believed it! What a fool I've been!"

"Quarie all right, Rose," Jerry's off-hand tone was carefully calculated to achieve the best effect. "Bed now, really, but I had to defend myself, eh?"

"Of course I'll never forgive myself for thinking so much of Ron—I must have been blind!"

"That's all right, old girl. I can imagine how you feel. Let's just get in far away from him as possible—you and I, eh? Must have been a bad shock."

Their voices died away. I sunk wearily to a seatfall. The bottom had fallen out of things. It had been a long time since I first realized that Rose could be the only one for me. We had been together for so long—as long as either of us could remember. And now it was finished. A goliath, with the unbearable combination of sexless, good looks—and a straight left. And I had to make a play like that?

Well that's what a follow not for leaving the field open. I cursed myself for not having told Rose how I felt about her when I had her by myself. But we'd been such mates I had rather counted on her knowing anyway, and realizing that I would not let her just sit there. I was in a position to make a reasonably proposition. It seemed safe enough then. I didn't know that Knox would come along with his engaging manners and his smile.

I raised my hand to wipe a trickle of blood from my face, and shivered. What hurt me more than the stinging blow was my disappointment in Rose. Her affection for Knox had been failing . . . and her observations about seems forgetting herself for nothing thought so much of me.

"I should have mentioned he was amateur heavyweight champion of Oxn," said a cold voice. "If you all he ever learned those—but I must say he's no slouch."

The face of Bill Treva, wrinkled and brown as a piece of old leather, peered down at me. With his one good hand he was racking his small neck job of packing and latching his pipe. His blue eyes were kindly.

"I suppose you saw it too," I mumbled through matted lips. "I suppose Rose was right, at that. You wouldn't think much of me as a son-

in-law after that exhibition, anyway."

He eased himself down beside me and pulled away for a while before replying. When at last he did so it was as if I had not spoken.

"I've known you about as long as I've known Bill," he said. "And she's my daughter. You kids both smothered together, and ended your first cruise off this beach. Later on it was your first dance, and then—it's been getting round to the time that for your own good you ought to be married.

"Then this fellow turns up, with all the money in the world, and a reputation with women that's interesting to say the least. Now my Rose has a lot of spunk, and she's been keeping him at arm's length—but with you getting a home-handled play like that things are apt to be different. I don't like it, Ron."

"Nor do I. But—she never looked at me..."

"More fool she," said Bill, as we rode together and headed towards the party. "We're nothing that little nose was worth. If you hadn't suddenly tapped him on the chin, he would have forced the nose some other way. He's a showman, all right, and quite a psychologist."

"And I'm a damned fool," I added.

"Granted. But you were giving away about two stone—and you were still fighting back when he broke off. I wouldn't worry about taking a licking. There'll be other times."

"Other times?" I couldn't conceal my bitterness. "That's hardly likely now. But—what do you think they've got?"

The old man shook his head. "All I know is that he had a car here—that long red roadster of his. He wanted her to go for a drive, but she had some sort of arrangement with you, didn't she? Sailing, or something?"

I nodded, and felt even worse as I remembered the day we had planned

CAN'T YOU KEEP ANYTHING SECRET?

Happy little feller
Everybody knows
Spoke and seen and carts
a man
From head to polished rascals—
How he holds his liquor
Through all the longest
drives!
Maybe that is why you'll
see
He's mighty like a rose.

far somewhere—a run out to the
Brookins in the sailing course the
three of us had made. A dandy craft,
she was sleek and speedy; her trickier
to manage than my trusty old dinghy
"Starlight."

Gloomy I sat down on the stringer at the end of the jetties, and watched Bill lay out his fishing gear. It was a ritual with the old man now, and one that he lived beyond all else. But today he seemed weary, slow to settle down. Every now and then he would glance up at the sky, then apart along the shoreline. After one of these experiences he crooked a shrewd eye at me.

"Well, that answers your question," he said. "She's a strong-willed bairn, and as such she will—but she's changed course!"

The tiny shape of a sailing course moved out from behind the headland where the last stand was. A speedily my of croakings, striking from under a low bank of clouds, lashed with bright gold the hair of the girl who

sailed in the storm. Under her direction, a man with paint-brushed hair raised the sheet as the course came round.

She passed quite close to the end of the jetty, and Bill clapped silently with a snap of his hand. Jerry remained the sheet taut enough to shake hands with himself over his head like a winning boxer. Quite a card, Jerry Kevitt. Then the course ran suddenly down the bay.

It seemed to me that the sun had disappeared for the day now, and that the breeze was weaker. I was surprised to see how quickly the course vanished from sight in a low haze that was hanging over the water. Presently I heaved for Bill.

"Bill, you can't win my thoughts." "Get your boat out, Bill," he said gravely. "Take a cruise down to the entrance. Come on, shake it up."

"I'm no swimmer," I answered suddenly, "and I've made enough of a fool of myself today. Ben knows what I've learnt."

"Listen, lad." There was an urgency in Bill's voice. "I know the distance is for a free day, but my bones tell me there's dirty weather coming up—cyclone weather. I'd like you to be handy, in case there's trouble."

I laughed briefly. "She sails that course like a witch—and with that new bowsprit we fitted she can lay the course closer to the wind than *'Starlight'*."

"But she hasn't shipped the last board," said Bill. "I noticed as she passed out. It's not there!"

I passed along the beach to the headland, leaving the old man on the jetty. By the time I had left *"Starlight"* into the water the current had swept right across the sky. Through north and west the air glowed with a pulsating shade of copper. A flight of gulls sailed overhead, making for the inland mountains.

"Starlight" isn't much more than a sailing dinghy, but what there is of her is good. Bill and Billie and I

walked on her one whale winter, and we half took her something of the wear of all three of us, and of our people who lived a hundred yards inside the wild beauty of the bay.

Before I was fully clear of the shore, the wind shifted again, blowing partly down the bay. I lit my match and prayed for a formed head so and *"Starlight"* sang and wind drove it. Then the wind was a great force behind me, sucking the weather sky down like a motor siren, and I knew that even the sail I had could be too much.

"Starlight" was truly熾熱的 now, a vibrant, living thing riding the waves of the gale. Off to port the rocky penitentiary which bounded the bay was sliding past with increasing speed. I peered ahead, but there was no sign of the course. A ridge between rocks and gullies and sheer cliffs blotted out by a grey haze of driving rain.

I took her in closer to the peninsula, knowing that at its tip there would be a lee. Before I had reached it the sun was upon me, a white, brutal sun which beat upon my neck and shoulders like bushwhack and screamed in wind-blown shrift from the dressing surface of the sand. I could see fifty yards, no more, so that the first warning I had that we had reached the entrance was when a knife-edge of rock whipped past the port bow.

I put my helm over, and felt the weird due as we ran under the shelter of the headland. Sorely I searched the way over more sweating and haggard than man. The course had to be there! Ten minutes convinced me that this last hope had failed. Rock at least. I heaved up the centre-board and let *"Starlight"* drift in until she ground in the shallows.

Then someone called my name. A sudden, dropped note in the remnants of what had once been a sweet pair of mated slacks slumped down

the beach. It took me a moment or two before I recognized this steaming wreck, with the long black hair plastered across his face, as the one-eyed Jerry.

"Thank God you're come," he gasped. "We were right in the entrance when the stars hit us. We—"

"Where's Bill?" I demanded.

"We—we were getting driven out. Paddled as we would, we couldn't hold the course straight. Under the surf she just started sideways. We were out there—not more than a hundred yards from shore—and couldn't make it!"

"Look—you swam—where's Bill?"

"She—she ordered me to jump ashore and leave others. I didn't see her after that. I thought she was following him. I did. She—the rest be still out there."

I looked at her, and at the howling如何在海浪中穿行。 At that time I felt neither anger nor contempt for her, only pity for his weakness and a growing chagrin at myself for allowing him to come within a yard of her.

"Whatever she is now, as the sun or water if you should be with her," I said. "Get aboard!"

"But—but you're not sailing out in that. You're mad!"

"Get aboard!"

He crawled there on the beach. Shock and fatigue had an numb his wits so he made no attempt to cover up when I came at him. My first blow right for his face, my second, switched him full length and blubbering on the sand. After a minute or so he scrambled to his feet and hurried aboard *"Starlight"*. I followed him, feeling more than ever disgusted with myself.

I seated her down before we left the cove. With that and the extra weight aboard I figured we had a chance. I was counting on the possibility that Bill, without a seamanlike and useful to make headway, had decided to run before the wind. In my

mind's eye I had a short map of the southern, including the four houses. I knew exactly where I wanted to go, but had no great opinion of my chances of getting there. The question was, would Bea, exhausted by the same conditions, make the same decision?

We were scarcely clear of the reefs before the wind was up again with a terrific whoop of like "Starlight" gave one convulsive heave that sent Jerry clattering for a thwart, and then she was off again, flinging her balance like the thoughtfulness of the wind. The last vague shape of land faded out of sight astern and the grey curtailed the storm fell all around us.

I expected trouble with Jerry as the effects of my blows were off, but none eventuated. A fresh misery crept into his sobbing body. Without releasing his hold on the thwart, he leaned overboard—and I observed without malice that his judgment over here was faulty. But anxious in a small boat in the most violent land, and if Jerry thought himself in the hands

of a madman bent on taking him back to sea, he was probably praying that I should sink us both as quickly as possible.

I brought "Starlight" round a little, so that we were running with the wind astern the boat. If my calculations were correct, and the wind had not shifted more than a few points, we should be roughly on target. If not—we had the wide sea before us, and nothing in our path.

We were well out now, and the reefs were looming up astern before they drew under us with a damping motion. The wind ripped the crests from them, and the spray swept over us in staccato clouds. The minutes droned by to the tune of the slopping motion of our passage, the roar of men and the moaning of the wind. I began to think the last chance had failed me.

Then it seemed that the rain slackened. I saw the lone of Beaufort's high rock, nothing more, and a moment later I heard the thunder of surf. The rock—that was the tallest of the Southern, standing in their half-

moon of reefs—and behind their massive shapes anything from a liner to a canoe could find shelter.

I brought "Starlight" around carefully, casting along to where a small double-headed maul between two horse's-teeth pinnacles. Then I heaved slowly onwards in a longish lurch of rock. The long slim hull of the canoe was driven high up under the rocks, and beside it a golden-haired girl was waving frantically.

I heaved "Starlight" carefully, and jangled ashore with the killick. The business of raising fast occupied all my attention, but I knew the moment she was beside me.

"Bea! You came! I know you would!"

Still I could not look at her. I turned towards the boat, and nodded as a movement, blurring figure splashed ashore and collapsed on the sand.

"I brought your boy-friend," was all I could think to say. "He's a hot sleep-walker—but you started this trip together I thought you'd like to finish it."

Then she was laughing—the sort of

laughing Bea has, that comes from deep down inside her. Her hair was wet and glistened with salt, but it still had the gleam of treasure in it.

"No, Bea. No!" she gasped. "Why else did I leave the tea-board behind? And do you believe I couldn't have reached the shore with Jerry—if I'd wanted to? That was all over when he took my orders and abandoned ship. You wouldn't take an order from me, would you, Ron? Not like that?"

It was some time afterwards that we noticed the rain had stopped. There was still a stiff breeze, but the storm had passed so quickly as it had arisen. Bea quickly disentangled herself from my arms.

"Let's take 'Starlight' now and run in to Fraser Beach," she said. "We've a lot of planning to do."

"That's an order I'll take," I replied. "But what about—that?" I pointed to where Jerry huddled miserably against a rock.

"I think he'll like it better here until we send a launch out," she mused. "He's—he's still thinking sometimes he stayed."



Land clearance

When you first set eyes on your "dream lot" despite the happy barking of the "indomitable grandeur of nature in the raw" etc., etc., you cannot help recalling that old Army phrase "Terrain, ripper."

comes the time for practical action in the business of clearing. Upon lifting a hollow log you discover that you have disturbed the remains of about two hundred generations of red-backed spiders.

After spending about two hours of sweat and blood trying to cut down a large tree, you have joined your wrists, and made an enemy for life of the block whose property the tree was on he being a tree lover.

At least you have a few tools and stamps that you can call your own, and with the aid of a block and tackle and the car you preferred to do a spot of root grubbing. During which time you discover that this method is excellent for removing bumper bars but a complete wash-out when it comes to stumps.

Lunch time, and the great help has not only used all the matches to light the fire, who has also smoked himself into a vague resemblance of a Scotch herring, burnt the spuds and sausages, and knocked over the belly of tea, which has put the fire out.



Passing Sentences

When we think we lead we must see led.

Dictators always look good until the last ten minutes.

Children are natural misfits. They act like their parents—in spite of every attempt to teach them cool manners.

Love is a quiet marriage—a bouquet, and divorce an impugn.

An essayist declares that there is a new world just beyond the horizon. Persons claim that its smoke is already visible.

Failure is the path of least persistence.

To err is human, but it feels divine.

Situation wanted ad in the New York Times: "Houseworker, place crook, reliable."

Some people speak from experience. Others—from experience—don't speak.

You won't find many success rules that'll work unless you do.

Go as far as you can see, and when you get there you will be able to see further.

A smile is a light in the window of the face which shows that the heart is at home.

All the world's a screen. Smile, please!

The secret pleasure of a generous act is the great mind's great bribe.

Quiet minds cannot be perplexed or frightened, but so on in fortune or misfortune of their private past, like a clock during a thunderstorm.

Honesty is divided into two classes: those in the water and those in the soap.

Nearly all men can stand adversity, but if you want to test a man's character, give him power.



"I still think it's a typographical error."



Ladies of the press

For too many years, movies, radio and the stage have exalted the virtues of the gentleness of the press. All of which seems to have placed in the shade the job writers and feature writers who tell and spin their yarns.

To correct this inequality, a group of ladies from the Earl Carroll Theatre-Restaurant in Hollywood took over the Hollywood Citizen-News for a day in order to put the newshawks in their place. . . .

You don't believe it? We base

only the audience for proof, but certainly Elsa Kaupp and Constance Paul give a convincing show as comedians. Making final changes in the type on the page form can be a lucrative business. . . . But do they look bewitched? . . . Looks as if this is just another instance of the girls showing how.

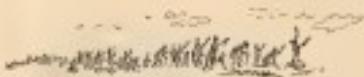
And City editor Dorothy O'Frieda, above, looks as fresh as the pretzel door at the place assignments with Rita, Ann Street (with corsage) and Anna Nelson.





Location wine room . . . as if you didn't know! Log at the city desk, despite two telephones and a troublesome reservation staff . . . Beverly suits in some form on the silver tape with Ann. She's hoping for sensation . . . an opportunity to show the boys what she can really do when put to the test! The boys don't care much about the test . . . this editor would do them big!

MEDICINE ON THE MARCH



MANY cases of angina pectoris (heart pain) are not caused by heart disease but result from eating too much food, especially fat foods—butter, cream, fat meats. Sometimes allergy to certain foods such as wheat and eggs, can cause angina pectoris. An overeating puts extra strain on the heart; just as does physical work; small meals may prevent attacks.

* * *

PNEUMONIA is one of the commonest of acute diseases. It occurs in all climates, particularly in late winter and early spring and attacks victims of all ages most often between the ages of 1 and 18, 30 and 40, and after 60, when it is most likely to prove fatal in the aged. It may be brought on following a cold or influenza, and because of fatigue, overwork, exposure to cold and sudden chilling.

* * *

WHEN there is pain at the inner side of the knee, not due to direct injury, it is because the weight of the body is not distributed properly. In many cases this is because of flat feet, which causes feet to turn outward and hang the weight of the body down to the inner side of knee. By lifting up the soot or instep or, in extreme cases, by wearing an arch support, the pain disappears.

* * *

WITH an attack of bilharzism there is a feeling of mental depression, delirium, headache, nausea or vomiting,

loss of appetite or actual regulation of food spots before the eyes, a feeling of tiredness and no desire to do any mental or physical work. The cure lies in diet without any food for 24 to 48 hours. Sugar and water or orange juice or other fruit juice may be taken, followed a few hours later by a dose of Epsom salts. Four small meals instead of three large ones may prevent an attack.

* * *

WHILE the exact cause of cancer remains unknown, a few facts that can save lives are known: 1. Cancer can be completely removed if treated early. 2. The known methods of curing early cancers are surgery, X-ray, and radiation. 3. Cancer may begin and sometimes with little or no pain. 4. Early symptoms of cancer resemble symptoms of other ailments. 5. Cancer is so dangerous after 60 to 80 years of age that anyone may get it. 6. Try to "live" cancer never dies.

* * *

IT is natural for an individual who is accustomed to want to use coarse foods to "train" the lining of the large bowel, to make it push wastes downward and out of the body. However, in thin nervous individuals, the voluntary control system of the bowel which prevents wastes from moving coarse foods only increases that power by irritating the lining of the bowel. Nervous constipation requires soft, not coarse, foods to correct it.

HADING THE OCCULT



The declaration of war in 1939 was an event which few spiritualists foresaw. Some however rang the bell, and left us still guessing. Is it fact or fancy?

THERE was nothing remarkable in the fact that Countess Blanche de Beck died on 26th June, 1938—except that 30 years ago she named that day as the one on which she would never marry her. The fulfilment of the prediction claimed a career that brought the Countess the reputation of being one of the world's greatest seers.

De Beck (Christian name, Madeline Sykes) is reported to have told Archduke Ferdinand in 1919 that he would be assassinated four years later, and that his death would mark the conflict now known as the First World War. Never a cheerful diviner, she is and also to have warned Count

Blanche of Russia that he and his family would meet with sudden death, to have predicted the rise of Hitler who, she added, would bring another world war, and to have foretold the downfall of Mussolini.

Her predictions, however, did not die with the Countess, for before she died she foretold perfect years ahead. The years 1930, 1933, and 1938 would bring the world within a hairsbreadth of war but with a sudden burst of optimism she added that 1938 would see a lasting and universal peace.

And having bequeathed the happy prediction to the universe she added histrionically to her infallibility by naming

away on the very date she had announced.

Countess de Beck's belief that war would come in 1939 was not shared by the majority of the world's eminent clairvoyants. In fact, one of Spiritualism's best known spiritualistic journals, *Light*, published an article which declared:

"There will be many heart-searching among spiritualists in the future of the prophecies that there would be no war. The unanimity of the controls has been such that one felt we would be impossible. With a few exceptions we were assured that there would be no war."

"I have heard some say 'I was wrong, I will never believe in spiritualism again.' That is an entirely illegal attitude. We do not condone the excesses of pathosarism because a mathematical worker is a mystic. We allow for the possibility of error."

The article was published a week after the declaration of war. "The members of the world had 'Reaped' on the wings of the century. And the fidelity of clairvoyancy was again the subject of argument.

There was nothing new about this, for almost five hundred years ago the last agonies of London's citizens were distressing the remarkable actions of Dr John Dee. The good Doctor, it seemed, possessed a "stone brought to him by an angel" in which he harboured a little girl of eight or nine years, with whom he was subsequently to have many a conversation.

The friendship between Dr. Dee and the spiritual creature lasted seven years, during which time the child grew up like any ordinary mortal. Her last appearance was made when she was about 16 years of age, and was notable for the fact that she made her entrance in a state of nakedness.

In his account of his experiences, A True and Faithful Relation of what passed Between Dr. John Dee and

Some Spirits, the doctor expressed great shock at the vision. And another, the girl had ordered Dee and his assistant, Kelley, to share their wives in common—a command against which both protested and which eventually led to the breaking up of their partnership.

It is not accidental to the story—for many great men and women about having sought the assistance of clairvoyants—to add that Dee had the patronage of Queen Elizabeth, who gave him considerable financial support.

Two hundred years ago Dr. Dee, a young Austrian medical student, cast the shape of spiritualism organized by writing a three-tried *Influence of the Planets on the Human Body*, in which he contended that there was a mutual influence between celestial bodies, the earth, and animated bodies.

In 1724, the Society of the Royal Medical Society of Paris investigated and rejected Mesmer's claims, saying that his cures were due to accident or coincidence, and that his techniques should be suppressed.

Thus challenged, Mesmer built a contraption consisting of a circular tub, iron rods and bottles, around which a number of people sat, holding hands.

The scenes began with a few minutes, the sisters became hysterical—some screamed, and others collapsed, while another was able to walk about and "possess" people merely by touching them. When the effects wore off, the men could remember nothing. In short, he had been mesmerized.

Mesmer convinced his spiritualistic way unswayed by official criticism, and in 1785 a Commission reversed the Medical Society's judgment and found that the phenomena produced were genuine.

The cult, moreover, had spread. In the early 1800's America with some pride discovered Margaret and Katie Fox, aged 15 and 12 respectively, Hamby-barn in a thatched cottage in

the village of Arndy, the children were awakened one night by a series of strange happenings. Their father, who hearing the sounds, hurried to the bedroom where Katie was sitting upon eyes-opened expectancy.

Then the child started him by looking outwards and saying:

"Why, it's Mr. Splitfoot!"

She was answered by responses that suggested that Mr. Splitfoot was eager to make friends. Headshakes soon, and an established contact with the spirit, which answered with knockings for an affirmative reply and remained silent to negative a question. By these means it was learnt that a former tenant had been murdered in the house.

Arndy became the Mecca of gypsyish enthusiasts. Elemental enthusiasts found no answer to the phenomena. Katie and Margaret remained unapalled by the strange occurrences, even though they toured the country giving psychic performances. Mr. Splitfoot throughout was completely co-operative, always ready to answer any question asked by Katie and Margaret—never by word of mouth, however, but with enthusiastic tap-pings.

The girls' gypsyish hosts remained inexplicable for years—until that day long afterwards when Katie confided that she had observed the "spirit" with their medium by striking her keys and the piano—a task which she shared with her sister and had differently cultivated.

Some time later, however, Katie confided the secret by insisting that the exposure had been made under strict

"I would to God" she said. "I could understand the response I got in the case of spiritualism, when under the strong spiritual influence of persons informed to it I gave expression to utterances that had no foundation in fact."

Thus the Diviners with their occult-hall set in which they allowed themselves to be bound, and placed in a large cabinet whence they created

contact with spirit—only spirit whose hands, through strength the weaknesses of the cabinets, played weird music and fired pistol shots.

Exposed as mere spell-binders and showmen, one of the brothers, Jim, said: "We never in public informed our belief in spiritualism. That we regarded as no business of the public, nor did we offer our entertainment as the result of straight of hand. We let our friends and foes settle the matter at heat as they could between themselves."

Perhaps the most famous "fortune teller" of this century was Louis Horner, known as "Chees." Believing that the soul in its grave house is continually trying to send out messages through the laws of cause, conventionality and hypocrisy. The words are Chees's own; he was always to kings and princes.

"Such messages may only be received by those who have ears to hear and eyes to see," wrote Horner. "But it does not make them any less real because the great crowd of humans have heard nothing but their own cries."

When Horner died in America in 1936 he exacted a death-bed promise from his wife to bury his ashes with her own and those of his kindred soul-spirit, who was his stepson, John Hartland. The widow travelled the world carrying a small casket until 1945 when she sent the casket to be interred in her son's grave in England.

Hornor's death, it is said, was marked by three strange happenings: a clock struck one three times, the house was filled with an overpowering fragrance of flowers, although there were no flowers in the house, and the stars crested briefly though no one walked them.

Hospital, the great magician, always fervently espoused his opinions of spiritualism. His earliest experiences with the occult possibly contributed

to his disbelief. Then, he asked a medium to bring back his father, the medium went into a deep trance and spoke deeply:

"Ah, this is your dear father. My son, it pleases me to know you have been successful. I have been watching you come with the greatest of interest and pride."

"Hello, pop! When did you learn to speak English?"

Dr. Wm. Houdini's father, had been an Austrian who had never mastered the English language, but

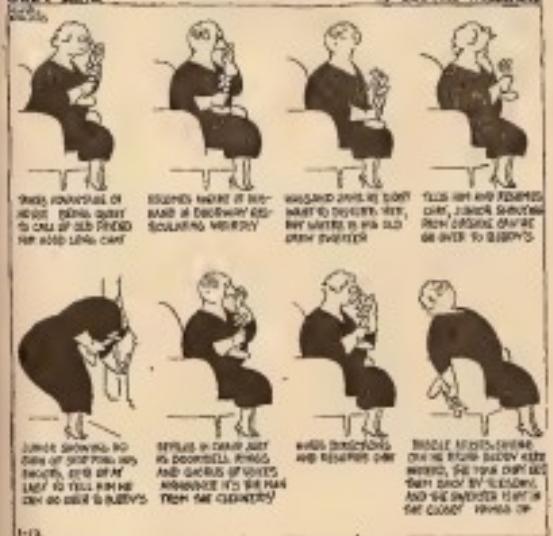
the medium immediately explained that the doctor had learnt the language in the other world.

"Then," said Houdini, "tell him I would rather he spoke to me in Hebrew."

The session then broke up.

Whether spiritualism is founded on fact or fiction is an argument that will continue probably till the end of time. But we like to think that the last proponent of Countess Rosina de Beck will turn out right. Remember? That 1948 will see a lasting peace.

BUSY LINE.



The kiss that is death

The Indian gentleman does not expect his lady to go through the acetone-jaws test. She may be a poison demon, but he just wonders . . . and worries.



JACK PEARSON

On the slopes of the Himalaya

there grows a shrub so deadly that even the sheep are often maimed before they are let out of the fold.

Botanists, text-books designate its women under the unromantic name of "Nepal曼陀罗" (refer to it as mysteriously as "A question") Europeans recognize it as "monkey head." The hill-men call it "thik" or "tik."

Somewhere it is used as a poison on arrow-heads and the Gurkhas have found it an ever-present help in repelling enemy attacks. Whole armies have been routed with its aid and when the first British troops entered Nepal, they had to fight their way forward past wells poisoned by crushed曼陀罗.

An old Hindu writer describes its effects; the poison gives rise to "swelling in those parts of the bodies of men, bullocks, horses, mules, camels and elephants that may chance to come in contact with it. Frogs and fish die without any apparent cause."

Birds and beasts roar wildly in confusion. Men feel a burning sensation in the affected parts and the hair and nails fall off. The end comes with lassitude, fainting, vomiting, diarrhoea and death."

Brahmins include the boiling of dugout "leaves with equal parts of alum, mercury, Gopas manna and a paste made from the bark of a known tree."

If this fails, the poison may be

purified by sprinkling water at "a salute of incense drugs dissolved in water or which stay suspended in water."

Understandably perhaps, the possibility of having absorbed it was regarded with some dismay.

But do chief terrors were still more fascinatingly insidious. Even in his love-life, the Indian swain could never be sure that he was not being subjected to its perils. And this last a matter of concern to one of the major preoccupations of Indian youth.

The Indian approach to sex is, to say the least, reticent. Whatever may happen behind the scenes, public marking is definitely out.

Two men may wander hand in hand unchecked about the highways but there was once a not in an Indian theatre however, after about twenty-five minutes of stage passed around a proscenium, the boys eventually crowded the balcony and swooped her with a chaotic peck on the cheek.

The Indian swain is kept in continual agony of terrifying suspense, he can never know what his conquest completely assured that he has not swooned from her embrace the stinks of his certain disease and is carrying every within his own person a lethal dose of venoms.

In other words, he never knows which—if any—of the ladies of his acquaintance happens to be one of the most subtle means of asymptomatic—a "Poison-demon."

These "Poison-demons" occupy a prominent place in Indian tradition—and their attractive exterior is apt to prove disarmingly deceptive.

To all accounts, the "Poison-demons" is a sullen wife who has been beaten on a diet of venoms. Every day, from her earliest childhood, she has been made to eat a little of the unpeeled fodder and the habit apparently grows on her. Beginning with small doses, she continues until she is so filled with poison that "if a fly touches her

as soon as it reaches her flesh, it forthwith swells up and dies."

The same fate awaits her lover who is equally dangerous if she happens to less him, breathes on him, hits him or purges on him.

The prospective victim of her charms has two choices: either he shows her the door or he makes his will and throws discretion to the winds.

Indian history is studded with accounts of ridiculous characters who decided to be induced . . . with the expected results.

There are some few others who resisted temptation and survived to bear their consequences with the title of their narrow escape. Outstanding among these was Alexander the Great—Indrahan, as the Indians call him.

It seems that Alexander had just crossed the Indian frontier. His arrival was viewed by the ranks of the native Indian provinces with evident disfavour and the greatest misgivings.

Though determined to meet Alexander in battle, the rajah decided that something must be done to check his advance. He was making his break when suddenly he remembered that, somewhere about his court, was a "Poison-demon," who was also "one of the most beautiful creatures in the world, with a face like an angel."

He offered the girl to Alexander who "at once fell in love with her" and "ordered her to be led to the bed-chamber."

Luckily for Alexander, he was accompanied by a confirmed misogynist by name of Aristotle.

Aristotle "saw the beauty of the maiden, her glittering face and her looks" and remarked gastronomically to Alexander: "I recognize in this creature the bearing of a snake."

When Alexander "was loath to believe him," Aristotle insisted: "Her first ascension was poison and wherever comes in contact with her will also be poisoned."

Alexander, being still doubtful, Aristotle ordered a basket of fresh snakes to be ground in a mortar. He placed the snake in a jar and drew a circle of snake-pins around the container. The snake crawled from the jar, wiped its tongue on the circle of pins and successively wriggled back to its refuge where it writhed in its death throes.

Moving gives his example, Aristotle proceeded to prove his point. He surrounded three girls—one of them, the "Poison-diseased." He then told Alexander to draw a circle of snake-pins around them and tell them to kiss.

"Two of the maidens can kiss Alexander, but the third—the Poisoned—remained within the circle, looking in vain for an outlet. She began to shake, her hair stood on end; and she died suddenly like the snake."

To the modern mind this story doesn't even make sense.

But the story lingers on. It lives in India even today. And since Indians don't know exactly what is necessarily drawing circles of snake-pins about the ladies of their choice, they must be content to wonder... and to worry.

Just how much reason they have for their perturbation is another matter.

So far as the "Poison-diseased" of tradition is concerned, the answer is certainly "none whatsoever."

But, in another sense, the "Poison-diseased"—the most Indian bệnh—has a solid basis of fact. There are in India many young women almost as potentially dangerous as the "Poison-diseased" was ever reputed to be and when it is almost as lethal to come into too close contact. It is from these that the idea of the original "Poison-diseased" must have arisen.

The poison-breath, for example, could have its source in the right straining the Siddhachintamani chewing of betel-nut. Although betel-nut is not itself poisonous, modern Orientals

commonly have a nasty habit of deliberately trying to poison their visitors with a chew of betel. The passes they can range from "the bite of a green tree-snake mixed with that of the green water-frog and the purple cobra" to white arsenic spiraled on the kosa which is added to the betel-chew. But, most common of all, is arsenic which cannot be detected unless the betel-leaf is carefully wiped.

An Indian lover often exchanges a chew of betel as an aphrodisiac; it is easy to see how any enterprising Indian could could in that manner rid himself of an unattractive wife. And when it is remembered that the spitting of betel-paste into a person's face is an Indian way of offering a gross insult, the resemblance becomes even closer.

The poison-lute, too, has its explanation in the love-lane of the East, the amorous late—probably diabolic blood—is an important part of the woman's technique. In a country where deaths by poison-lute are a commonplace (more than 10,000 people in India die each year of snake-bite), the transference of death at a distance. A female assassin equipped with a cobra or a krait would have practically unlimited possibilities.

The name applies to the deadly peripety. Indian snake-charmers inoculate themselves with increasing doses of venom until they are immune from the bite of the snake they ordinarily employ.

Any snake-vendee would be more than likely to take similar precautions.

But, most of all, venereal disease may lie at the root of the legend.

It is often argued that venereal disease originated in America. Yet there is another school of thought which argues that primitive American civilization itself derived from Asia. And the fact remains that the Americas of today is riddled with V.D.



"I Say? Oh, how I envy your W.H. Power!"



THE CORNER BLOCK

THE HOME OF TO-DAY (No. 58)

PREPARED BY W. WATSON SHARP, A.R.I.A.

The plan suggested by CAVALCADE for this month is one that is suitable for a corner lot, or equally at home on an ordinary inside block. It once was small, a condition forced on us by current regulations, but the layout is such that the maximum of space is occupied by the corner lot. The bedrooms are placed side by side, with one end of each room given over entirely to windows. Each bedroom has a built-in wardrobe.

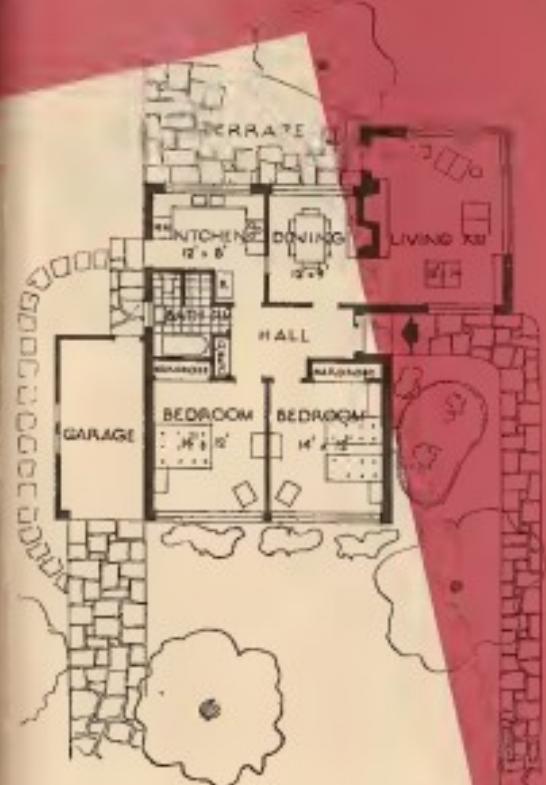
Its once was small, a condition forced on us by current regulations, but the layout is such that the maximum of space is occupied by the corner lot. The bedrooms are placed side by side, with one end of each room given over entirely to windows. Each bedroom has a built-in wardrobe.

The living and dining rooms open into each other, so that the maximum of entertainment space is available.

An unusual but useful feature is a double fireplace which forms a division between these two rooms.

A garage is attached to the building, and has a rear door within a few feet of the kitchen entrance.

The minimum frontage required to accommodate this house is 33 ft. and the area, excluding the garage, is 1,200 square feet.





They steamed off the MAP

These ships were given up for lost; but they came back; and what was surprising becomes dramatic fact

SINCE the first wireless beacon shrank off into the first satellite, a connection has been forged between man and the sea. So far it has been a strictly one-sided bond, for even with the Twentieth Century aids of radio, wire, radar and echo-sounding no wise embarking on the sea can never quite be sure of reaching his destination.

Wireless waves travel at the speed of light, but even as there are many instances where they have not been quick enough to avert tragedy or even bring tidings of disaster. Marine engineers are possibly the world's most skillful technicians, but they have not dared to call a ship unseaworthy since they applied that adjective to the *Titanic*—and you'll remember what happened to her.

Probably the greatest seafarers Old

Mac Neptune ever received was the introduction of wireless—but he went right on swimming. When the *Semley*, a seven-thousand-ton modified Liberty ship, headed out across the Atlantic just a few months ago she was equipped with every known aid to navigation. Where was her wireless when she disappeared? The facts are that she was last without trace, and that a moria's crest of loyalty could find no reason for her disappearance.

There were successors at the time that that class of ship was structurally weak, that she might have shifted ballast or broken in two. Such rumors were sooted by the appearance of an exactly similar sister-ship. This vessel went ashore, one high and dry, was prepared for some days by Pacific trollers, was towed off again, broke drift in a hurricane, was torn up on

the rocks again—and sustained as little damage that she is now back in service. Such behaviour does not suggest weakness.

There will always be sea mysteries, but the use of wireless has cut their numbers down. Without an aid nobody would ever have known the fate of the *Titanic* as the lay helpers with a broken masthead and a hole in her side. Wireless meant that when the *Titanic* took her final plunge all her passengers and crew were able to watch her from the safety of the deck of a rescuing ship.

Before the days of wireless any ship which passed out of sight of land was bound for the unknown. Unless sighted by another vessel she was "out of this world" until she reached her destination. With sailing ships, which somehow nobody ever associates with wireless, that seems reasonable enough; but imagine great Atlantic liners and fast Australia-bound cargo and passenger steamers as blindfold! And yet it was well into the Twentieth Century before the powers of Marconi brought this ultra measure of security to the world's merchant services.

Newspapers when a ship has an engine failure often call for help, and to take in tow within a couple of days. Forty years ago she would just have to drift helplessly until some other vessel stumbled across her. There are many cases in which ships as disabled eventually were towed into port long after the underwriters had given them up for lost.

Perhaps the most famous of these was in the New Zealand Shipping Company's *Wairau*, a well-freed cargo-liner of nearly 4,000 tons gross, which left London for New Zealand on May 4, 1936, and steamed completely off the map! Various reports about her being sighted in distress drifted through from time to time, but it appeared certain that she had gone down with all hands. Then, five months later, she was towed into Fremantle by a battered little tramp half her size! Another sea mystery had been solved.

What had happened was this. About two o'clock on the morning of June 4, 1936, when she was about 180 miles south of Cape Adulon, oil leaks were reported by a terrific vibration. The main shaft had parted inside the stern gland in a position in which it could not be repaired while the ship floated. For 30 days the crippled steamer drifted, in fair weather and foul, without sufficient smoke or oil.

Captain Weston tried everything he could think of to get some way on her. In those days steaming meant yards, more or a gnat's wing than anything else, so he ordered sail to be set. He soon found, however, that even under the most favorable conditions they could do little more than give her steerageway. More often than not they sailed her in her drift, but at least they could be seen from a great distance.

Then, on July 26, the Norwegian *Thorax* hove to sight. She gamely put a line aboard and set oil sail in a futile attempt to move the wayward bulk of the steamer. Even though it was light weather at the time, she was driven bodily backwards towards the *Wairau* and crashed heavily into the steamer. Little damage was done, but the *Wairau*'s skipper realized that he had too big a fish. Regrettably he cut himself adrift and waved goodbye to that fat salween grampus.

But the *Wairau* was still in the main track of shipping bound between London and Australia and New Zealand. Only five days elapsed before the Danish ship *Aarsberg*, Lyttleton bound, appeared on the scene. By this time provisions were running low, but all the Dame could offer was ship's biscuit, which was sent over by boat.

The frenzied crew of the *Wairau* then anchored the cargo in order that the stink part of it might be brusched if necessary. All that could be found, however, was canned ham.

In certain remote Alpine regions of Switzerland they keep cheese for a lifetime. On the day a child is born, the Swiss make a cheese mixed with the infant's name and the date, and it is served thereafter only on special occasions—such as the child's christening, his or her engagement and wedding.

A portion of this cheese is carefully kept until its owner dies, and then, at the funeral, the guest receives another piece.

range, surfaces and shapes—a chart of which the men were to get heartily sick of in the next two months.

Then huge swells up two again. Strenuous calculations were fairly reliable in those days, and it was known that the company's main liner *Ruskin* would pass on the way to London on the evening of August 26. Sufficient use of coal and no anchor brought the *Wakato* 300 miles due east on the course of a week. After that, there was nothing to do but wait. Then Hurricane struck again. A thick blanket of fog came up on August 18, blotting out all sight of the *Ruskin*. By morning, when the fog lifted, that ship was gone.

Captain Weston struggled resignedly and put her before the wind. Better to go east somewhere than wallowing in the trough—and at last she felt alive when under sail. They saw that way is bad weather and foul for a week, when a sudden gale raised from the bell-tops every bit of canvas but the foretop. Spars were dragged out, and the whale was turned to as just readers with palm and needle. Soon all sails were set again, and the couple staggered on.

But now her luck was changing. The ship *Banks* was spoken, and carried the news of the fight on to Tasmania. On September 2 the barge *Akaroa*, outward bound and well provisioned, made a generous gift of two barrels of beef, three of flour, and five spare sets. And then, on September 15, she sighted her first steamer in all that time—the *Azores*.

In 300 days of sail-addled drift the *Wakato* had come so far east that she was now nearer Australia than the Cape. She had covered 4,500 nautical miles, during which she had crossed her own track seven times. Captain Weston thought he had better to find unencumbered like the *Flynn*. Dutchman, had been determined to sail her all the way to Fremantle if necessary—but here was steam power and salvation. Captain Barnett, of the *Azores*, looked over the big derelict with the wood-enrusted bottom sloughing doubtfully, and sent a line ashore.

His doubts were justified. The *Azores*, a chunky eight-knot freighter of 3,000 tons, was only half the *Wakato*'s size.

The course lay over almost unpopulated waters where at any stage, by sheer strata on her bottom or a point of the tides, round her single screw, the *Azores* could be placed in the same plight as the *Wakato*. And Fremantle was over 1,000 miles away.

The battle was on from the start of that historic tow. On September 28 the line parted in heavy weather, and was replaced only after a series of hairbreadth escapes and delicate manouvering. Then the *Azores* ran short of coal, and for a day they hung in the position 100 miles off Amsterdam Island while 100 tons of the crippled coal was transferred to the rescuer's bunkers by ship's boat.

On September 30 the line parted again, and the *Wakato* needed and walked off into the storm-swept dash with green water breaking over her. Her crew saw the *Azores* lying like a half-life rock at the mercy of

the storm, and then the little freighter disappeared. The *Wakato*'s men fought all night to get her home, fearing all the time that the *Azores* was lost.

All next day they watched for her in vain. Then, past in dusk, the gallant little merchantman showed into sight again. Her decks being empty, her ventilators were bent and twisted, and her funnel away crooked in its stay to every roll, but the insignia of her captain and crew were unimpaired. Gladly she ranged alongside and took up the tow again.

She staggered onwards at a steady four knots, day in and day out, until at last the ordeal ended. The *Beaufort*-class steamer *Urgon* brought news of the tow to Melbourne on October 9. Two days later the ships were sighted off Rottnest Island. The Government steamer *Peterson* met them as the line parted for the last time, and brought the *Wakato* to a safe anchorage. After five months of drifting, sailing and being dredged, every man of the *Wakato*'s company was as good health.

Nepstone played many a part on the lonely Atlantic Banks in the days before wireless. From the early days, when the creek liner *President*, fourth steamer to cross the Atlantic, disappeared without trace, mystery surrounded the fate of many fine ships there. Then, in 1898, the mystery was solved.

The *Azores*, fastest ship on the Atlantic run because overdue. As she embodied everything of the latest in marine equipment, her supposed loss caused consternation in shipping circles. What was that western cause? The *Azores* herself brought the answer when she limped into St. John days later with her bows crippled like a total. She had hit an iceberg head-on at full speed, and had lived to tell the tale. Twenty-five years later the ruined *Titanic*, the "unsinkable" ship, was not so lucky.

Even in the Atlantic, comparatively

staggered with shipping, a ship could be lost for weeks at a time. At about the same time as the *Wakato* was making her costly drift, the *Cassader* *Peyronne* dropped her propeller in mid-Atlantic. With insufficient oars to hold steerage-way she drifted east of the shipping lanes and lay in the trough of the sea, receiving a terrible battering from the Atlantic rollers. Then and again her hawls and heavy machinery forced her to lose lines and drift out through her sole.

In the end a nameless tramp found her, clung to her like a terrier until the hatches of another steamer, and then lost her in the night. The tramp skipper could hardly credit that any ship could ride out such a tempest without anchor, but when the moon shone he found the *Cassader*, surely broken but still afloat. He brought her in at last to claim his salvage, and no man could say he hadn't earned it.

After the *Peyronne* accident, marine architects realized the uselessness of sails on ships of her size. They evolved instead the twin-screw system, really fast followers of over 10,000 tons—and then set back with the usual enthusiasm that what had happened to the *Peyronne* could never happen again.

Within two years the City of Paris, twin-screwed pride of the French Line, was wallowing helplessly off Queenstown with a broken shaft, a hole in her side, and both engine-room flooded. A flying shaft, tearing off the side, had done all the damage. Fortunately the weather was fine, and the liner's own boats took the crew into Queenstown, so that salvaging was simple enough.

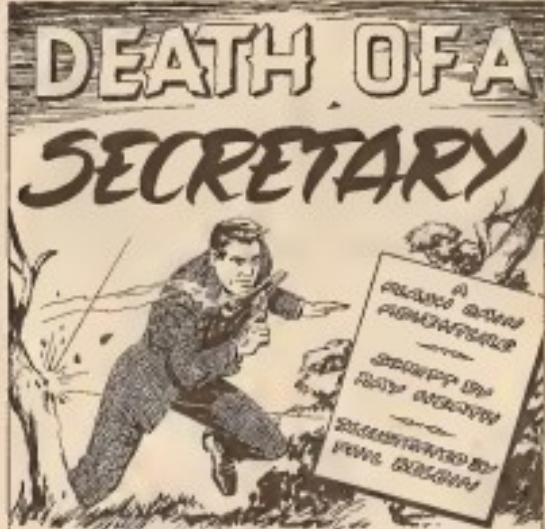
Once again, as so many times before and as many times to come, the marine architects ate their words and fell to planning again. This time they would beat Old Man Neptune once and for all. They are planning again today after the loss of the *Seadog*, but the betting is that *Nepstone* still holds a truck or two.

Policy Point



I think my look has changed—
Something's wronged
By kindly fortune to invent
The gross
In which my lot is cast,
And cast
The childish age of optimism,
Here at last
I seem
To dream
That smiling folk approve
All—well, almost all—I do.
How times have changed!
Even the friskiest wives
And female critics
Of that sweet,
Meat
Curves elusive I adore.
So tream-lively, lifelaid enigmatic,
So eye, so changeable, so damned crooked—
How she has altered—
Never once before
Has her voice faltered when some smell thing
rises,
Yet now she's reasonable, and likes to please!
She doesn't mind too for her fibro skull,
She swallows close,
Savv things locate,
And will remember
To my much smell and greet—
The chance is smasher!
Was I off wron, then
When
I thought her wifful?
Wore off her prettiness only meant to tease?
So whilst I think—the other herself away!
"Christmas," the song, "is 35 days away!"

—Mark MacLeod.



RECOGNISING YOUNG CONSTABLE FLAMINGO
RECOGNISES THE
NUMBERPLATE OF A
WANTED CAR AND
GIVES CHASE ——



THE COOPS EVEN INTRIDE
ON A QUIET NIGHT OUT



NOTHING WILL CONVINCE
FLANAGAN THAT FLASH
CAIN SHOULDN'T
COME BACK WITH
HIM. SO CAIN GOES...



INSPECTOR BRENT SHAKES
HANDS WARMLY WITH
CAIN. HE IS SURPRISED
TO LEARN THAT CAIN
IS THE OWNER OF
A WANTED CAR.



I LEFT THE CAR OUT-
SIDE A THEATRE, EIGHT
AND IT WAS THERE
WHEN THE SHOW
ENDED.... IT WAS

BORROWED, THEN, BE-
TWEEN EIGHT AND
ELEVEN!



YOU TELL YOUR STORY
TO THE SERGEANT!



THE CAR 123-A-84
WAS SEEN DRIVING
AWAY FROM LOCATION
PLATES JUST AFTER
THE SHOTS WERE
FIRED --- YOUR
CAR, CAIN?



THAT CHECKS! THE
SHOTS WERE FIRED
AT NINE TWENTY-FIVE



NICE OF YOU TO SHOW
ME THE CRIME I'M
IMPLICATED IN!



THAT'S WENDA MOSELEY
---- I NEED TO KNOW
HER WHEN SHE STOOD
IN NIGHTCLUBS ----
I WONDER IF THE
USE OF MY CAR WAS
---- ACCIDENTAL?



AS THE SHOTS WERE
HEARD AND THE
CAR SEEN, IT WASN'T
CAREFULLY PLANNED



WHY SAY THAT?

I'VE JUST SEEN THE
SOLUTION TO THE
THEFTS ---- BIG
PEOPLE HAVE A
MOTIVE FOR GET-
TING RID OF ME,



THE EXPOSURE WILL
BE SENSATIONAL --
FRAMING ME WITH
MURDER WOULD BE A
GOOD WAY OUT. KILLING
ME WOULDN'T
BE SILENT ENOUGH!



CAIN MAKES A DATE
WITH HIS CHALLOW
TO TELL HIM THAT
THE FUR THEFTS
HAVE BEEN SOLVED



CAIN, INSURANCE INVESTIGATOR, TELLS SHALLOW THAT HE IS NEAR THE END OF HIS SEARCH

YOU'LL GET YOUR PUGS BACK



IF MY TRAP WORKS, YOU'LL HAVE MOST OF YOUR STOLEN PUGS BACK TOMORROW



FILL HER UP ---- I'VE GOT A LONG TIME



CAIN NOTICES THAT SHALLOW SEEMS NERVOUS AS HE CONGRATULATES HIM ON HIS WORK

WAIT TILL I ACTUALLY DELIVER THE GOODS



CONGRATULATIONS, CAIN ---- I WAS GETTING IMPATIENT, BUT NOW I KNOW YOUR SUCCESS, I'M HAPPY AGAIN



FLASH CAIN, READY TO SPRING HIS TRAP ON THE FUR THIEVES THAT NIGHT, DRIVES FIRST TO A NIGHT-CLUB WHERE THE MURDERED WENDA USED TO SING ----



A CIGARETTE GIRL ANSWERS HIS QUESTION



MAMIE, SPARE US A SECOND ?



WHEN DID YOU SEE HER LAST ?



---- AFTER HER VOICE BROKE, SHE GOT A SECRETARIAL JOB WITH ---- OH, I FORGET



WENDA ? ---- SHE WENT TO WORK FOR A MR. SHALLOW. SHE USED TO SAY HE WAS A CREEP ONE.



WHY ? GOING OUT WITH SHALLOW I GUESS --



CAIN THANKS MARIE
FOR HER HELP
HE HAS FOOD FOR
THOUGHT ~~~~~~



WAS THE IDEA, TO
HAVE CAIN ARRESTED
ON SUSPICION OF
MURDER --- TO GIVE
THE THIEVES MORE TIME? DID THE
DEAD GIRL KNOW TOO
MUCH ABOUT THE THEFT?



CAIN NOW UNDERSTANDS
ALL WENDA WAS
SILENCED BY DEATH;
CAIN WAS SUPPOSED
TO BE UNDER THE
SHADOW LONG ENOUGH
FOR THE THEFT TO
BE UNCOVERED . . .



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CAIN THINKS HE
KNEW SHALLOW'S
SECRETARY --- AND
AS SOON AS HE DIS-
COVERED THE STOLEN
PURSE THE GIRL DIED
AND CAIN'S CASE
WAS IMPLICATED /



THIS IS MORE THAN AN
ORDINARY PURSE THEFT.
AND IT'S FOR BIG
STAKES. WENDA MORLEY
AS SHALLOW'S SEC-
RETARY KNEW THAT . . .



A HOT STORY FOR
INSPECTOR BRENT
--- NOW FOR ACTION /



FLASH ARRIVES NEAR
THE THIEVES' HIDE-
OUT, WHICH HE HAS
LOCATED EARLIER.
CAR PARKED, HE
WAITS FOR THE
THIEVES TO ARRIVE



BEFORE FLASH CAN
REGAIN HIS BALANCE
A FIGURE SPRINGS
FROM THE UNDERBROWNS
AND BEARS HIM TO
THE GROUND . . .



... BUT CAIN REMEMBERS
HIS COMMANDO
TRAINING AND FEELS
SORRY FOR THE
GANGSTER WHO HAS
TO LIVE AFTER WHAT'S
JUST BEEN DONE . . .



THE SIMPLE TRIP-
WIRE OF NEW GUINEA
FAME . . . HOW
COULD CAIN FORGET
HIS OWN STANLEY
DAYS AND FALL FOR THIS!



SOMEbody LOSES A
GUN, AND THERE'S A
GOOD DEAL OF
HORSEPLAY BEFORE
SOMEBODY LOSES
CONSCIOUSNESS . . .



WAITING TENSELY, HE
SEES NO SIGN OF
THE DISTURBANCE,
HAVING BEEN HEADED
WAS THAT THUG ALONE?



CAVALCADE November 1949 79

THAT THUG WAS NOT ALONE! BUT THE OTHERS, UNDER COVER, ARE ARMED -----



A DESPERATE GUN STRUGGLE HAS A BREAK OF SILENCE WHEN CAIN PITCHES FORWARD, WOUNDED!



THE THIEVES COME TO COLLECT THEIR CARGO -----



FIGHTING A THREE-TO-ONE BATTLE, CAIN IS RESCUED BY THE TIMELY ARRIVAL OF THE POLICE -----



SHALLOW WAS OVERSPENDING AND STOLE HIS OWN STOCK TO COLLECT INSURANCE. WENDA MORLEY WAS MURDERED BY HIM BECAUSE SHE DISCOVERED THE TRUTH...



WE FOLLOWED YOU, CAIN, BECAUSE WE ACTUALLY DID SUSPECT YOU OF KILLING WENDA ----- GOOD THING WE DIDN'T IT?



A clean engine gives improved performance and complete protection at all speeds & temperatures.

Keep your engine clean with Mobil oil



The snake was a pythonsque reticulatus—a killer; Gokus was the moment man in the neighborhood. What happened when they met will just about everyone.

O. K. FINDLAY

VENOM in the night

An important passenger had escaped from the box while the train stood on a siding. The passenger was an Ultra-Skin, a venomous python from Malaya, and the railway notified the reptile house which sent an expert to help. The expert was Dr. Quest, small and spindled, an enthusiastic collector of snakes, big and little.

The sergeant of police was at the station to meet him. The sergeant was young and rawhided and he had had his share of trouble. That was the first time he had been asked to hunt down a snake.

"You'd better tell me what we're up against, Doctor," he said, as they walked along the railway embankment.

"The reticulated python, *Pythonesque reticulatus*," said Dr. Quest. "In the king of the big constrictors. They sometimes attain a length of thirty feet. This particular fellow is about twenty-five feet and a fine specimen. If you've seen a male cobra looping a snake about her shoulders, it was probably a python—but not this one. He doesn't permit frustration; he's the bane of everything in the jungle. Right now that chap is in a bad humor after being captured and handled and shaken by the train. They won't eat after they are captured. This fellow hasn't eaten for more than a month."

"Small mammals—will eat, antelope. A good bar reticulatus will swallow a 300-pound deer."



He fled at a range of six feet and knew he had scared

"Will they kill a man, Doc?"

Dr. Quest was reluctant to give an opinion at first. "They've been known to take native children. They're constrictors, you know, they kill by squeezing. A python of this size could easily overpower a man if sufficiently aroused." He stopped and pointed. "There's his trail."

The snake had gone down the embankment through a fence and into the long grass. The grass was flattened as if someone had dragged a boot through it. The sergeant wished he had brought his Winchester. He wouldn't mind the thought of reptiles that left a track like a country lane.

"How do you figure on tracking him?"

"That we find out where he is. We'll

look for water and lie by near it. Then we'll get him to kill if possible—a pig or chicken. If he kills, he'll be quiet for a time. Then his huge body is in the water for a week after feeding. Then we'll get a few men and grab him and put him in a box."

The sergeant admired Dr. Quest's nerve.

"Doc, you'll need a warrant to get anybody round here to do near a snake of that size. In this country, a snake is something you kill to quiet as you can and don't even touch when they're dead. But if you're going to grab him, I'm gonna be along, too."

"There's nothing much to it," said Dr. Quest. "I'll look after his head. The main thing is to get him straightforwarded out so he can't use his coils. And

of course, you have to watch out for his spur."

"He spurs?"

"You. The savings of his hind legs. All that's left of them on the outside is a pair of hairy points on his shins, but they can give you a nasty scratch."

They climbed the fence and followed the trail across a meadow. It was heading directly for a log swamp. The doctor pointed in the trees where a branch had been freshly broken. "That's his work. He went in there."

"How can you tell?"

"By the broken branch. It escaped under his weight. He weighs about 30 pounds, you know."

They came to the swamp, a tangled growth of willows and sedge, with a shallow creek meandering through the edge of it. It was guarded by a barbed wire fence.

"This is good," said Dr. Quest. "This is the sort of place he likes."

The sergeant looked along the barbed wire studded with "No Trespass" signs.

"Doc, I have to tell you this, but he wouldn't have picked a worse place. That is Ruth Golar's place. He's the meanest man in the district. He don't allow no one on his land, no sir."

"This is different," said Dr. Quest confidently. "We can't leave as Uncle Sam's lying about. Too dangerous. We must either recognize him or destroy him—which I would hate to do. What better go and tell Mr. Golar about it?"

"We can try, but it won't do any good," said the sergeant. As they walked back to the car, he told Dr. Quest about Golar. "I was at his place last week. We got a community phone line here, belonging to us all, and the surveyors wanted to take it across his land. He ordered them off. I went down to reason with him, and he said if he caught me on his land, he'd plug me."

"He doesn't get along with his neighbors?"

"Doc, I'll bet there's more human feeling in that big snake of yours than there is in Golar. When he was young, he was breaking a colt and the colt kicked him and beat his leg. First thing he did when he was up was to take a chain and beat that colt to death. He's a regular terror to his stock. The neighbors not worked up over the way he beat and starved and they had the law on him. Then the ones that took the lead against him had some bad fits. So now folks just leave him alone."

"Has he any family?"

"One girl. His wife died years ago, just went out. The girl would be a nice kid, if she had a chance—but she never has a chance. Never got to school after she was fourteen, never had a decent dress. She does a man's work round the place."

They drove down the highway and came to the Golar home, an old gray house and worn-out buildings. Children ran squeaking from the wheels and a girl in blue jeans working at the woodpile put down her ax and looked at them. She was pale, with the angry look of the unreasoned, and Dr. Quest patted her.

"Your dad around, Jeannie?" asked the sergeant.

A man appeared in the doorway, a man with a dark, haggard face and a crooked body.

"I told you to stay away from here, Doc."

Dr. Quest got out of the car.

"The sergeant is here at my request. My name is Quest and I'm from the Zoological Society. One of our big snakes escaped its transit and we have traced him to your swamp. I'd like your permission to go after him. I'd like your help, too. Of course, we'll pay you for your trouble."

Golar looked at him, hand-free.

"I don't care who you are or what you are. Get off my land and stay off."

"You don't quite understand," said

Dr. Quest. "The snake is a pestilence—"

"If I find a toad in my swamp, I'll knock him on the head with a club. I don't need any help from strangers." He addressed the sergeant. "You listen to me, Doc. If I wish you wouldn't say you're around my place, I'll shoot—and that the star of yours won't stop you. Now get out!"

Dr. Quest made one more attempt. "No sir, Doctor," said the sergeant. "Let's go."

They drove back to the highway. Dr. Quest accepted the rebuff philosophically. "He used to unreasonable people. Many people are unreasonable snakes. I've talked to farmers who were losing their eggs to rats and yet insisted on killing every rat snake about the place. Few shown them the snake stomach—with rats and no eggs—but they still wouldn't believe me. You have to be patient with them."

"What are you going to do now?"

"Go right ahead, of course I can't leave the snake to roam the country. He might start a panic! I wish I could be sure that he hasn't left the Golar place."

There was a country road running along the other side of the swamp. They drove slowly along, looking for signs, and finding none.

"That's all right," said Dr. Quest with satisfaction. "He's still in there. Probably curled up in the roots of one of those big willows. Now sergeant, I'll tell you what I intend to do. Put solar to get a couple of men somewhere and bought I'll bring them here and drive them into the swamp. I hope he'll kill one. At dawn tomorrow, I'll ship in and try to locate him. I won't ask you to come with me for you are no officer of the law, and I intend to contact a trooper."

"I won't allow that," said the sergeant. "I can't allow you to do it in there. He might take a shot at you."

"There's a risk I must take," said Dr. Quest. "Golar may be a stupid, quiescent fellow, but I won't have a dangerous python loose on his land. Especially as he seems to think a python is something you hit on the head with a stick."

"Well, if you're so set on going in there, same I'll go with you," said the sergeant.

At dawn they were moving silently through the wet and broken swamp. The morning mist hung over the thick rushes, masking poor visibility worse. The sergeant held a shotgun on his hip and disliked the whole business. He had hunted armed robbers with less apprehension than he felt now. He was thigh-deep in brush, he had to wade across ravines and every moment he expected a big angry snake to rear up in his face.

The two pigs, which they had driven into the swamp the night before, got up and ran ahead of them, squealing to wake the dead.

"That's bad," said Dr. Quest. "He might be disturbed to feed. If we come upon him now we'll have a fight on our hands."

"They continued to hunt along the ridge creek back, under the big willows. The snake appeared to have vanished, leaving no trail. They came to a pond-like widening of the marsh with a small island in the middle of it. There was one big cedar and bushes growing there.

"Likely he's there," said Dr. Quest. "I'm not so sure," said the sergeant. "Doc, do snakes hurt people?"

"They have been known to follow men out of curiosity. Why?"

"'Cause I've got a feeling we're being watched. We've got a mighty cold feeling down my back."

"We'll try the island," said Dr. Quest. "He might be in among the cedar roots."

It was a dangerous business, wading and striking into the soggy hel-

ton. At that moment the sergeant would have given a good deal to be out in the sunshines, on firm, clear ground. Dr. Quest shuddered and found better footing on the bar. They explored cautiously among the bushes and tangled roots and looked at the trunk of the alder to see if patches of bark had been scraped off. They found nothing.

"Not here," said Dr. Quest. "He must have slipped out of the swamp. Now what have to—"

A branch above his head cracked and fell down. The silence of the swamp was blighted by the roar of a passing rifle.

The sergeant flung himself at Quest's legs and dragged him down into cover.

"Giles! No wonder I felt we were being followed. He's got us on an island, too—we can't get off without showing ourselves."

"But what does he think he's doing?"

"Don't know—but it isn't healthy to let him see us."

Dr. Quest rose as his knees landed the tree trunk and cautiously put his hand out. "Giles!" he called, "listen—"

The rifle cracked and a bullet went his last dormouse.

"Mad as a coot," said the sergeant.

They crawled on them before late the thick part of the underbrush and lay there. Suddenly Giles broke his silence and began to yell at them. "Come out there, you sneaking' spyan' bastards! I know you're there! Come out and I'll make you sorry!" He was walking up and down at the opposite shore, shouting through the brush, firing his rifle at random into the island.

"With T.E. brought a rifle," said the sergeant. "I'd make him sorry."

He lay pressed into the sand, perturbed by mosquitoes and crawling things, growing steadily angrier. He was thinking of Giles and the winter he had spent all his life of the wild-

be had worked to death, the daughter whose childhood had been despised. A bullet struck a branch near his head, a splinter cut his cheek.

"I'll put a stop to this right now." He rolled to his knees.

At that instant the swamp school and re-schooled to a frightened cry.

"The snake!" cried Dr. Quest. He rose instinctively and ran splashing through the water. The sergeant caught his foot on a root and fell, the gun flying from his hand. It was a moment before he could find it in the grass. He rushed after Dr. Quest.

On the other bank stood a great tree. For a moment they could see neither snake nor man, then they caught a glimpse of a grey face with open mouth and staring eyes rising out of a blotted yellow-brown jacket. Neck and chest were wrapped by the python's coils. The sergeant heard Giles give an agonized whine and a great black head rose at them. He fired at a range of six feet and knew that he had missed. It came at them hissing, with eyes as red as coals, and he fired again and saw the head jump with the impact of the full charge. It sank down, coiling.

Dr. Quest seized the neck, pulling it away. It took their united strength to ease the pressure of those terrible coils. Then they saw there was no need to hurry. Giles was beyond help.

With gentle hands, Dr. Quest stretched the python to its full length. The sunlight showed its glistening scales, a tapestry beyond the conception of man, an interweaving of yellow, brown and black, covered by a sort of bloom.

The sergeant took a good look at it. He was beginning to understand Dr. Quest's admiration. "I'm sorry I had to shoot."

"You had to," said Dr. Quest. "But he is handsome, isn't he?"

"Useful, too," said the sergeant.

"Next time I meet a miler, I'll just rattle my hat and pass on."



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RUSSELL BRANCH



DOOR AJAR FOR MURDER

WHEN Dora started screening that night, I just dropped my paper and stared, like an open-mouthed stage. I was used to her silliness, her biting tongue, and even the cold silence which filled our evenings. But that was something new. This was lead, lead history, and far no good enough. It went on and on.

"Dore?"
She didn't hear me. She couldn't have heard me if I'd wanted to. Her head was back, her eyes closed and her mouth open in that maste-

lous, blood-carding shriek.

I got up and shook her. "Dora DOHAI!" Then I stopped her twice. She stopped sharply.

"For heaven's sake, Dora! The neighbor."

She opened her mouth again, snarlingly, as if roused by some lassie's complaint to examine her lungs. I raised my hand again, warningly, and that was how the neighbor saw us when the door burst open.

Dora's screen died in her throat,

the buried sea rose in her hands, her long blonde hair shimmering as she added breathlessly. "I grieved uncertainly at the open door, put my hands firmly on her shoulders.

"Dora . . . Dora, honey. What is it?"

She shrank back as if my hands were clutching at her throat instead, stood up at me with woeful, feral eyes.

A hand grabbed my own arm, spun me around. "Leave her alone, you big sullen, I ought—"

That was Graham, Lloyd Graham from the next apartment. All lean and a good walk. An actor-producer, he called himself.

I stood against him. I always wanted a good excuse for sticking a fist in his fat face, but this was hardly the right time for it.

"Look, you don't understand. It's not . . . not anything I did. Dora just suddenly—"

Dore burst into fresh sobs. I looked at her helplessly, then back at Mrs. Jenkins, the manager. Mrs. Levy comes across the hall. The redheaded who lived two doors down had her bold-headed mate. And Graham, of course . . . all standing there glaring at me in hostile curiosity.

I got it, then. Jim Haynes, that "sick" Miss Haynes, beating his poor lonely wife.

Mrs. Levy moved past to hold Dora to her ample, motherly bosom. Graham got between us with his arms folded beligerently across his chest, and nearby Jenkins stared spluttering indignantly.

"Listen, folks, you've got that all wrong."

They didn't want to listen. They ignored me—except for that last hard from next door. Mrs. Levy got Dora calmed down, bathed her feet with a cold washcloth. Jenkins prowled around uneasily, noting if any of his living furniture had suffered. The redheaded and her husband stood smirking in the doorway, eying me

somewhat short-distance wrinkles for a change. And Graham snorted at me, daring me to make a move.

We finally got rid of them. Dora refused to explain, refused to say anything beyond a somewhat shaky, "Torn all right, now. Please go."

Mrs. Levy stomped out, her usually friendly face like frozen granite. Redhead and Husband went back to their hotel and their own bottle. Mr. Jenkins implored to either come walking about, "No more trouble, Haynes, or else."

Lloyd Graham was obviously the last and most reluctant to depart, still swelling like a Grade B muscleman, and it was a pleasure to slam the door in his face.

Then I turned to Dora, my arms spread in a big gesture of bewilderment, dismay, and—I thought—tender concern.

But she wasn't having any. She turned away, her face cold and inscrutable.

The bedroom door slammed behind her, the lock clicked. I prepared to bed down on the couch for the night. It was all I could do. The walls were blistery . . . just waiting for me to "start something" again.

In the morning, Dora told me she "simply didn't want to discuss it." She could "not digest" something in herader silence than any female I'd ever known, and our breakfast was even more cheerless than usual.

I set off to work, feeling like something disposable dredged up from the bottom of the East River. Mrs. Levy, climbing the stairs with her ramming milk, miffed and looked the other way instead of giving me her usual chirpy, "Guten morgen."

The bus gave me hell for being late, and it seemed to me that I had more than my share of nasty customers that day. But five-thirty finally came, as it always does, and Morris, the department store of meat, shut its doors. I took out a hot

hostile customer who had already swung every golf club in the room, turned in my cash and sales slips, and turned my weary hat toward the subway and home.

"Home" was empty. Dora had left a note saying that she'd gone out for supper and an early movie and would be back that cold night with him, and I'd find cold cuts and open can of peas in the icebox.

About anotherly she knew me, looking flushed and eager and vivacious at the always did after spending a couple of hours in Hollywood's nevernever land. But the look faded quickly. Back to reality, and the husband that went with it.

I waited until she had her hat off, had fluffed her blonde tresses loose and had looked out of the pumps that were too tight for her. They were always too tight for her, too tight in the toes and too high in the heels.

"Look here, Dore." Then I lowered my voice, aware that Graham next door had just come in. "Look, honey, I don't—"

She spun on me. "I suppose you're going to tell me that we can't afford a cocktail or a movie one in a while? That when a man comes home after a hard day's work, he expects—"

"That's not it at all," I interrupted quietly. "You know I've tried you to get out more, do more. I don't happen to think too much of your friend, Iris, but that's—"

"Oh, so now you don't like Iris?" she snapped bitterly. "I suppose you want to pick my friends too. Besides telling me what I should wear, how I should keep house, where I should—"

"Darnit, be quiet," I shouted, forgetting the thin walls and their eavesdropper. "Listen to me."

"I don't want to listen to you," she screamed back. "I'm sick of listening to you!"

There was a nasty silence, broken only by our own heavy breathing and

the creak of a footstep out in the hall. "Dore, I didn't want to start an argument with you. Really. I don't want anything—except some sort of an explanation for what happened last night."

"And what about last night?"

"Nothing," I said wryly. "Nothing at all . . . except that now all the mistakes are committed that I bear you, in addition to all my other faults. You know very well I've never insulted you, that I hadn't even said anything to you last night when you started screaming like you'd suddenly come mad."

"Oh, so now I'm going away, am I?" she snarled. "Well, let me tell you, Master James Hayes, you'd go crazy too if you had to live in this dump all day, with a husband who begrimed you with the price of a movie, and tries to pick your friends, and—"

And we were right back where we had started.

"It's not enough that I gave up my career and try to be a good wife," Dore was shouting with fire, bitter tears. "I'm supposed to sit quiet by while you read your eternal newspaper every evening. And if I even say less, I'm going crazy!"

I didn't point out that her bee had been loud enough to bring the whole apartment house down on our heads. Or that the "avocet" she had given up to marry me had committed of course, an immoral which had folded after two weeks. Or that sixty-five dollars a week and a man to go with it had once landed mighty good to a leggy blonde from Kodak who had already found out how many leggy blonde were already in the Big City, working as waitresses or worse.

No, I didn't mention any of there points, because I was beginning to suspect a method behind her madness. I suspected that there was nothing wrong with her that five thousand

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dollar wouldn't care, and I didn't want to give her an opening.

Specifically, five thousand dollars, more or less, in US savings bonds which I had laid away, reluctantly and at times painfully, out of my pay cheques and commissions over the past seven years. And even more specifically, five thousand dollars which Graham next door had assured Dora would help her the leading role in the "vertical-stack" revue he was supposed to be presenting.

But I had held out all along. I told Dora her friend Graham was nothing but a phony, cheap character, and not the kind of man I liked my wife to encounter. And furthermore, that those bonds represented the down payment on a dream of my own, conceived long before Dora met her. A country place I could call my own.

I think the evidence for a peaceful haven might have evolved from a recurrent dream I used to have as a boy. I remember the place of my dreams was some spot at the rise of a hill and at the end of a lane where trees and shrubs and tall grasses used to top the fence of the neighbor's place before you got to them. There was a stream that meandered along for a bit and then tumbled itself among the rocks on its downward way to a green valley in a place where the trout would bite casts well. As I grew older the dream was less frequent. I used to wonder if dreams had any significance . . . if some day I should come across the very place . . . and if so could I make it mine. My savings satisfied my preoccupation for the possibility.

Dora had told me in no uncertain terms what she thought of that idea—but there the mother had ruled. And still roared, much to my surprise. Dora subsided now, apparently satisfied with having the last word, and I knew when to leave well enough alone.

Also I still loved her, between help and me.

That was the week when spring suddenly changed to summer, as if to make up for our cold winter. Dora and I made up too. Mrs. Levy spoke to me again, and even Jenkins went about whistling happily, now that the radiator season seemed safely over.

Dora and I started taking trips into the country. She seemed even anxious to help me in my quest for the farm, and I could scarcely believe my good fortune at the changes that had come over her. Spring was indeed a wonderful thing, I told myself.

The weather had brought customers flocking into the sports goods department, I had earned a healthy hope over my sales quota, and the case of beer in our pantry had been my recharge. Dora's present had been a new rugbag of sheer black nylon, and she was wearing it now, curled up on the sofa with a copy of *Variety*.

The evening was warm, the bear was cold. Life was good—and my only worry at the moment was choosing between bed and another bottle of beer, or both.

Dora felt my eye on her and looked up. Then she put up, moving deliberately. I looked back down at my paper, pretending a gay interest in the stock sections. I thought she was going to get me another bottle, or perhaps slip down into my lap.

She didn't. She calmly picked up one of the three empty bottles at my elbow and hurled it through the window. Then, just as it shattered below in the air shaft, she began to scream, long and loudly.

For a moment I just stared, too dazed to move. Thinking stupidly? The window's open, she might at least have put it through the opening, instead of knocking out both panes at the top.

Then I was on my feet, shaking her violently. Her eyes had that

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alway, blank look again, the temptation not much I had been contemplating a second ago was disturbed now in raw, nerve-shattering sound.

I clasped my hand across it, trying to shake some kick into her, with my other hand holding onto her shoulder.

Her teeth sank into a finger, her foot kicked my shin. She fought her way loose, managing to rip her negligee half off and kick over the end table at the same time.

It was a few hours for the neighbors to come in on. And once they did, with nose-beaver Jenkins at the head. I managed to greet him, sparing Dora for the moment. Jenkins and Redhead finally yelled we spent Redhead slapped me seven for good measure, apparently because I'd pestered Harry by nosing in the shuffle. The last I saw of Dora was as she disappeared through Mrs. Levy's door, walking huffily on that good woman's woman's shoulder.

Then Jenkins took the floor. I would please get out in the morning if not sooner—and say that I had coming would no more than cover the broken lamp and window.

I protested, I pleaded, I argued. I tried to convince him that my wife was sick, well on her way to a nervous breakdown. That I was completely innocent of any misdeemeanor, that something had snapped emotionally in her, and that the worst thing in the world would be to kick her out in the crowded streets of an overpopulated city.

Jenkins only looked nastie, like a disease-stricken Goliath. "The little lady can stay, as long as she wants. But you're findin' things in the morning—or else I'll tell the cops."

He didn't get a chance; somebody already had. Maybe Mrs. Levy—although my best was Goliath who had disappeared to name his cat tip.

And the cops gave me the same scorching treatment—particularly after

they'd gotten an evict of Dora in her turn negligence and an evict from the other tenants. Graham was back on the scene by then, too, adding his dramatic description of our previous quarrel and his opinion of me, personally, as a lush who needed a going-over with a rubber hose.

The two cops shook their heads with obvious respect. Mrs. Heynes had refused to sign a complaint and that was her privilege. But . . . well, if there was any more trouble, just let 'em know. And how in the world, their eyes asked, did a nervous gal like that ever get hitched up to a drunken brute like this?

Later that evening, after things had settled down again, I tried once more. I lurched quickly across the hallway, knocked over as gently on Mrs. Levy's door. She snarled at me to go away. Dora raised her own voice in fearful concurrence, and she drew along the hall before opening up again.

I slunk back into my own apartment, tall between my legs. Fifteen minutes later, while I was searching Dora's drawers for a liquor bottle, or dope, or some sort of a glass I found the gun.

It was a nasty little blue-stained 25 automatic, and the carbon clip with it showed that it had been sold and registered to Mrs. Jessie Heynes for purposes of "self protection."

I stood staring at it a long time, remembering that phrase "nervous breakdown" which I had used on Jenkins. Actually, until now, I'd had my masking suspicion all along that these tics of hers were deliberate and malicious; that sooner or later she'd name her price for being good—and that the price would be the five thousand dollars which she thought would buy her a stage career and all the glamour she longed for.

But not one word about that in these past two weeks. Not even a sly hint that these terrible and violent attacks of hysteria, as if something

wasn't were threatening her sanity. And now a gun . . . a gun for "protection." Protection against whom?

I finally got it in my own dinner under a pile of shirts, and went to bed. But not to sleep. He'd had to admit that your wife—an plain everyday language—at least before your eyes.

I didn't see Dora the next morning I left early before the other tenants were about and got my breakfast at the corner drugstore. Somehow I put through the morning without any rated. That was going endlessly over and over my problem, while the rest of me worked automatically on customers who were contemplating more cheerful things, such as checkers traps and fishing equipment.

By noontime I had decided what I meant: Dora would need medical care, the most expensive sort of medical care, and there was only one way I could provide it.

During my lunch hour I went to the bank, took out of my safe deposit box that chest about of bonds. Not just bonds they were, but my whole existence and future. And I felt rankly even in my moment of reluctance. When a man's wife is sick, mentally or otherwise, he has to do everything he can.

Grimly I passed them across the bank floor to the proper counter operator and said to read the instructions on the book. I had forgotten one thing. They were made out to James Heynes and Dora Heynes as co-owners, or the survivor, and that meant in order to cash them—

Then I stopped thinking. Those last typewritten words leaped out at me, drummed into my mind monotonously until they lost all meaning.

Or the survivor . . . or the survivor . . .

The man behind the counter was looking apologetically. "You want to cash those bonds, sir?"

"No . . . no, I've changed my mind. Thanks."

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS

My husband Theodore, averaging every day for a while, without fail, for the last three years, has had asthma and has suffered. This is his biography added one more *TESTIMONY* you can without exception add to your files:

"Four months ago I took up an interest in 25 shares of stock from the company in the way, and a month ago I sold it. We just started smoking up and about of breath. However I had a cold. After the cold cleared up, I had a headache, and a doctor told me I had a kidney stone, having no water because my kidneys had stopped my when after a few weeks. I had a kidney stone removed, and I am now well again. I can go without complain for the first time in fourteen years. I began to smoke again, and I am now well again. Now I am in job opportunity in Texas, married, making my \$250 and suffering no asthmas. Now this is my second year. I have been to the doctor and doctor is right without any medicines of any kind, nor in any medications. My doctor is Dr. John C. Johnson, in the family of Colorado, May Flores, and Alfonso Flores.

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He wished me, pecked, as I gathered them up again and hurried back toward the safe deposit vault.

Jenkins, the charming landlord, caught me as I passed his door that night and tried to stop me.

But I didn't wait to discuss the matter. I just groped over my shoulder that I had come only to get my things, and went on up the stairs.

When I first opened the door I thought Doris was still sleeping, since the place was dead as meat as I had left it that morning. Then I heard her cheerful call:

"Doris!"

She was in the kitchen, of all places, and though she looked like the tired husband's dream. Mart and pretty in an instant, her cheeks flushed and coaxed as if she had prepared some special surprise, and hardly preoccupied. Just as if ever last evening had been a tender kiss.

I set my lips, determined to have it out. "Doris, I just came back long enough to get my things. And to tell you..."

She interrupted me with a gay little laugh which sounded only a bit strained. "Darling! It's all settled. I talked to Mr. Jenkins today, particularly on my knees. Tex just has to learn how to handle men, that's all!"

"That's not all," I said. "That's not even the point. I just want to tell you that."

The short we off with a quick kiss. "We'll talk about it during dinner. I haven't put the table set yet, and the room's practically done. Hmme." She opened a drawer, headed the big carving knife and pointed toward the knife sharpener. "Make yourself useful, handsome. And while you're about it, all my knives need sharpening. This is a vermin, so don't peek."

Her lips brooked no argument and she whirled out of the kitchen, closing the door behind her. Automatically

I began stroking the long blade back and forth, thinking that it was a surprise indeed.

She hadn't cooked a real meal for months. And her lips had been cold, although she was obviously all keyed up. I could hear her now, hurriedly shaving cream sheet in the next room.

Then I thought of the gun, the gun in the bedroom, and leaned down at the long, slender carving knife I had in my hand.

Carefully I eased the door open a crack. The dinner table had been set, yes—but the room which had been so neat a few moments ago had undergone a startling change.

The end table by my chair had been tipped over on its side, magazines and books scattered across the floor just as they had been last night. The bridge lamp was also lying sprawled on its side, the shade crumpled as if it had been stepped on. Two of the sliding shades were shoved together in a lump in the corner, the cigarette box by the sofa had fallen to the floor and spilled, one curtain dangling from a broken rod.

Against the window Doris stood nervously, hardly. Even as I watched she kicked a scatter rug into a heap, then paused to survey her work like a nervous stage manager looking over a set just before the curtain.

Apparently satisfied, she crossed to the bedroom door, then paused again, her eyes narrowed toward the door which had me.

"Tex, dear, when you get the knife sharpened put it on the table, please. I'll be right out."

I groaned indifferently. She took one look, calculating survey of the scene she had laid—and I never forgot that look in her face. Then the bedroom door closed, the lock clicked shut.

And I stood there stupidly, still holding the knife. For years it seemed I stood there, knowing what to expect in some remote part of my brain even



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while I tried to make sense out of it completely.

I must have moved to the stairs, because I found myself bending down and peering into an empty, stone-cold oven. I felt a moment of surprise—but I think I would have been more surprised if it had actually held a standing roast.

And I must have been listening, too, I must have been aware of the muffled sound of drawers being opened and shut in the kitchen.

And then I waited no longer. I grabbed up the big carving knife and all the knives that Doug had laid out for me, and dashed out of here. She already didn't hear me cross the living room. She was too frantically searching far what she couldn't find, and I didn't bother to close the door behind me.

Down the stairs, passing an Jenkins' room diagonally. Trying to beat the screens which I knew now would come as soon as she found her son.

The door finally opened. Jenkins stood out at the top, his jacket tucked in his collarless coat, still chewing. He gulped and scuttled backward like a startled wren when he saw the knife in my hand. At the table he'd laid out his street wife turned pale.

I thrust them at him. "Here, quick! Take 'em! Afraid any wife—another one of those spells? Afraid she'll hurt herself."

The first scream came then, even as Jenkins hastened on bewilderment. It was shrill and hysterical. Muffled, but cutting through the hallway and down the staircase like the voice of a lover.

We both stood there rooted as it died away and then picked up again. Jenkins let the leaves scatter to the floor as he pushed past, his short, shaggy legs pumping up the stairs ahead of me.

Doors began opening, men shouted in confusion, a woman down the hall

began screaming hysterically herself. "Somebody do something! Do something!"

And still the wild cries went on—the shrieks of gorged, insane terror, the tortured screams. "Just Don't Jim! Oh—just the knife, just No!"

Jenkins had reached the top of the stairs now, hurrying as if a life depended on him. He had forgotten that I had already warned him, that I myself was not in that room, but right behind him. Carefully behind him, so he ran down the hall with his back to his face.

He didn't quite make it. Graham sat there first. He burst out of his own room just ahead of Jenkins, disappeared through the door I had left ajar.

By the time I had reached it, Graham was already leaning against the inside door. If he saw me then, coming in behind Jenkins, he was like the rest of them: too disoriented to register, too occupied by the urgency in those terror-driven eyes still coming from behind. He locked door.

I shouldered him, but already Graham's hefty shoulder had carried him through—through the doorway and to his death.

Far inside the bedroom, a little sanguine was sounded out in wails and sobs. It went on prancing unwillingly, even after he had crumpled forward.

I left her to Jenkins and went to phone the police.

• • •

Don's writing at least part of what she mouthed on the headlines she always dreamed of. The papers call her a glamour blonde, a beautiful show-girl, and that seems to be enough for her.

I don't think she cared much for Graham after all. Whether he was actually in on the scheme or not, I think she just considered him a means to an end. A handy witness,

let us see, who would testify that Jim Hayes had attacked his wife with the carving knife found near his body.

For, of course, I was supposed to have gotten these bulletins instead of Graham. I was supposed to have broken in that door to get to her when she went into her act.

Born realistic now, naturally, the remorse she needs in her blood, self-induced hysteria. She doesn't know that that nice, sympathetic man she talked to today was the pelvic psychiatrist—and that she'll probably talk to more like him before the trial is over. She doesn't seem to understand either that the strict prosecution will be based on the testimony of Jenkins and the other friends that they will prove that neither I nor anyone else was anywhere near the apartment when she first began screaming for her life.

Yes. You're going to do what I can for her. When a man's wife is in trouble, he does what he can for her, even if it means sacrificing his life savings.

But there's one thing that bothers me. If I tell the whole story, if I give these psychiatrists the reassurance,

the cold-blooded calculation, behind her actions—I'm not sure where she will end up.

If I don't, if I just hold my peace and let the evidence speak for itself, then I know very well what will happen to her.

Maybe I should ask Doug himself when I see her today:

"What will it be, my dear?" The nice psychiatrist . . . or the state attorney?

Yes, I think it is a question for her to decide, though I don't expect the answer today. . . . She won't easily realize the futility of any other plan. When she does finally understand, she may have some satisfaction in knowing that she will have me my service after all.

And what about my dream? Well, it may come true at last. Doug . . . our life together . . . has given me a sort of the city, the score, the apartment—all that my life has been here. As soon as I have seen this through I'm packing up and clearing out.

I'll drop by the store before I quit the big smoke. There's a line and red there that some fancy customer won't get. I've seconded it already at whatever's discount.

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Talking Points

COVER GIRL. She's Rhonda Fleming... the girl who got the coveted role with Ringo Cassidy in "Yardies of King Arthur's Court". It was a gesture like this that secured for Rhonda a film test and contract. Her pictures sold a magazine to a film agent, and after that, how could she make out? For the moment she's forsaking Beat for Bob ... She'll be seen next with Hope on "Great Love."

Experiments . . .

TO those who will wonder where the truly authentic touches come from in Montague's sea stuff some explanation is due. Cain as a young day was a young sea dog. His weather-beating up and down the New Zealand coast left a mark on him which he, in turn, leaves on his writing (page 40).

Hard . . .

THERE are various stories about people who found that it's hard to commit suicide, but none stronger than that on page 32, which is not only hard fact, but also hard to believe. Explanations as to why the sharks didn't eat or the girl didn't drown? Well, there are strange unexplained things, but these are peculiar enough for now.

Moved . . .

THESE habits of stranding up people without trial in the law of the rock, but it gets the name "Iyach" from a good legal judge. It is now the last word for that, as readers of Mervyn Andrews' story (page 20) will see.

It seems that while you can teach a tiger tricks and if De Bragament is behaviour-wise an alligator, there just isn't any way to tame the wildest beast of all, "the mob".

Answer . . .

CAVALCADE'S "Flash Cain" has slithered his way into the interest of readers who have been asking about Cain. Because two readers have placed a bet about where he comes from we put the truth (and answer to the bet) on the record. Cain is the brasschild of Australian Sydney novelist Ray Heath, who writes the adventures. Fellow Sydneysider Burton draws the strip. Heath says, "Cain's adventures are based on the work of a man I used to know. I called him Cain because that was once the name of a killer (about 2000 B.C.) and I thought it would be a good idea to rehabilitate the name by hanging it on a low-enfright-mintักษ. —Who won the bet? He'll."

For You . . .

Thriller stories have been recommended by many readers who understandably say they like them. Even a detective told us, "A thriller isn't a human's birthday to see—it's good retribution." And "Dear Agie for Murder," this issue (page 80) is well up to standard. Point of interest—the detective tells us that 80 per cent at least of the thriller he reads are completely accurate on their technical points concerning detection.

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In this scene at Gore Bay, the oil "installations" are an integral part of the landscape, aptly symbolizing how the use of oil products is an integral part of our daily lives. Though simplified here by the

artist's pictorial treatment, these enormous "installations" are in reality highly complex, and a marvel of technical organization. Lifetimes of Shell experience ensure the efficient economical operation of this important unit in the chain of distribution which brings oil products from overseas to Australia's motor vehicles, power plants, machinery and homes.

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